Hong Kong Advisory Council on AIDS 香港愛滋病顧問局



Annual Report-August 2007 to July 2008 年報-2007年8月至2008年7月

Preface 序言

I am deeply honoured to have been reappointed as the Chairman of the Hong Kong Advisory Council on AIDS in the seventh term of office for the period from August 1 2008 to July 31 2011. As I have said earlier, in a name of a veteran fighter against the AIDS epidemic, I pledge to make every endeavour to maintain Hong Kong a low HIV prevalence city.

本人十分榮幸能夠連任爲第七屆香港愛滋病顧問局主席,任期由2008年8月1日至2011年7月31日。正如先前所說,本人多年來致力對抗愛滋病傳播的工作,現承諾竭盡所能使香港繼續成爲低感染率地區。

With the publication of the "Recommended HIV/AIDS Strategies for Hong Kong 2007 to 2011 in May 2007, it is now an opportune moment to conduct a review of the target set out in the strategy document by checking the progress made and to plan for the implementation strategies for stagnating targets.

"2007年至2011年香港愛滋病建議策略"於2007年5月公布,現在正是適當時機檢討該策略文件所訂下的目標,審查其進度,並爲停滯不前的目標制定實施策略。

The recent upward trend of the epidemic with the surge of new infections in men who have sex with men has driven us to identify and re-focus the new priority areas for action. On the basis of epidemiological data, men who have sex with men have emerged to become the top priority for intervention in our AIDS response. However, it goes without saying that there is a need to continue putting our efforts to other at-risk populations including sex workers and their clients, and injecting drug users. Also, we will focus our efforts to address the factors and settings, either local or external, which are corroborated to the generation of new HIV infections in Hong Kong.

Personally I would like to see the element of care and rehabilitation as well as the elimination of discrimination and stigmatization be removed from the top agenda of ACA meetings. Until such time, concerted effort is still most needed to foster a better and considerate community for people living with HIV in Hong Kong.

本人希望,護理、康復和消除歧視 與標籤等元素不再是愛滋病顧問局 會議上最重要的討論事項。在此之 前,我們仍須同心協力,爲香港感 染愛滋病病毒人士營造一個關懷、 體諒的更美好社區。

Last but not least, I would like to thank the ACA Secretariat for compiling this annual report which summarizes all activities

最後,本人謹向顧問局秘書處致 意,感謝同事勉力編製此年報,當 中摘錄顧問局及轄下委員會於過去 undertaken by the ACA and its committee in the past one year. This is the fifteenth annual report which in itself is a part of the continuous process of strengthening communication among the ACA, government departments and NGOs in AIDS prevention, care and control in Hong Kong.

一年的所有活動資料。本年報是第十五份年報,亦是顧問局、政府部門及非政府機構就本港愛滋病預防、護理及控制工作持續加強溝通的渠道之一。

Prof HEN Char-nie, JP

Chairman

Hong Kong Advisory Council on AIDS

June 2009

香港愛滋病顧問局主席 陳佳鼐教授,太平紳士

2009年6月

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1. HIV/AIDS Situation in Hong Kong

第一章 香港的愛滋病病毒感染/愛滋病情況

Introduction

HIV (Human Immunodeficiency Virus) is the cause of AIDS (Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome). Half of the HIV-infected people will progress to AIDS in 10 years' time There are three main routes treatment. of HIV transmission: sexual, bloodborne and from mother to child. In Hong Kong, the first HIV cases were reported in 1984. As it had happened in many other developed countries, the early part of the HIV epidemics witnessed a significant proportion of our HIV infections resulting from blood or blood products transfusion. The situation later changed to one that sexual routes, including heterosexual and homosexual contacts, predominate and become the commonest route of HIV transmission. It accounts for 74% of all reported HIV cases in Hong Kong as at 30 June 2008. Understanding the current HIV/AIDS therefore situation is crucial monitoring and planning ofour prevention and care effort for this infection.

HIV/AIDS surveillance comprises a framework of systematic and consistent monitoring of HIV/AIDS situation. It has the essential components of collection, collation and analysis of HIV/AIDS data. The last process of the surveillance includes the interpretation and dissemination of HIV/AIDS information. Timely information derived from this **HIV/AIDS** surveillance is of vital importance to the development of effective prevention and control programmes.

引言

愛滋病(後天免疫力缺乏症)由愛滋病 病毒(後天免疫力缺乏症病毒)所引 起;感染病毒者如不接受治療,半數會 在十年間發病。傳播病毒的主要途徑有 三個,即性接觸、血液接觸及母嬰傳 染。本港首宗的病毒感染個案,於1984 年呈報。與許多已發展國家的情況一 樣,愛滋病流行初期,大多數病者都是 經由輸注血液或血液製品而受感染。其 後情況有變,異性及同性的性接觸成爲 最普遍的傳染途徑。截至2008年6月30 日,經性接觸感染病毒的人士,佔全港 呈報個案的74%。因此,要有效監察及 計劃這方面的預防及護理工作,了解現 時愛滋病病毒感染/愛滋病情況至爲重 要。

愛滋病病毒感染/愛滋病監測包括一套 有系統和持續一貫的監察架構,其中不 可或缺的就是愛滋病病毒感染/愛滋病 數據的蒐集、整理和分析工作。至於最 後的監測過程,則包括詮釋及發布愛滋 病病毒感染/愛滋病的資料。監測系統 所得的適時資料,成為制定有效預防及 控制計劃的重要一環。

HIV/AIDS Surveillance

The Special Preventive Programme of the Department of Health maintains the HIV/AIDS surveillance system. It regularly obtains data concerning HIV/AIDS through three mechanisms: (1) voluntary reporting, (2) unlinked anonymous screening. and seroprevalence monitoring of selected groups. In addition, information collected from the Sexually Transmitted Infections HIV surveillance, risk behavioural surveillance and other research studies on HIV virology and immunology are included to complement and supplement the system.

The surveillance definition of AIDS for adults and adolescents was drawn up by the Scientific Committee on AIDS in 1995. The most common AIDS defining condition was *Pneumocystis carinii* pneumonia followed by *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* infection.

Based on the associated HIV risks, target populations for seroprevalence surveillance are grouped under 3 categories: (a) general population; (b) vulnerable communities with defined behavioural risk; and (c) setting with undefined HIV risk.

Voluntary Reporting

The voluntary HIV/AIDS reporting system has been in place since 1984. This is a non-name based reporting programme. Laboratories and medical practitioners submit reports of newly diagnosed HIV infection and AIDS cases to the Department of Health, latter through the special form DH2293.

As at 30 June 2008, 3822 HIV infections were reported to this system. Among them, 966 had progressed to AIDS. The numbers of reported HIV infections and AIDS cases were on a steady rise from the beginning of the epidemics to 1996.

愛滋病病毒感染/愛滋病監測

衛生署轄下的特別預防計劃,負責維持 愛滋病病毒感染/愛滋病監測系統的運 作,方法是透過三個機制,即(1)自願 呈報,(2)非聯繫不記名檢查及(3)監察選 定組別的血清現患率,定期獲取愛滋病 病毒感染/愛滋病的數據。此外,性病 監測、易受感染高危行為監測及其他愛 滋病病毒學及免疫學研究所得的資料亦 會納入監測系統,以起補足及輔助作 用。

有關成年人及青少年愛滋病的監測定義,於1995年由愛滋病科學委員會制定。界定愛滋病的最普遍病理情況是肺囊蟲肺炎,其次是結核分支桿菌感染。

根據相關的愛滋病病毒感染風險而選定進行血清現患率監測的目標人口分為三類,即(a)一般人口;(b)進行經定義為高危行為的易受感染社群;以及(c)其所處環境具有未界定感染風險的人士。

自願呈報

於1984年開始實施的愛滋病病毒感染/愛滋病自願呈報制度,是一項不記名的呈報計劃。化驗所及醫生會向衞生署呈報新增的愛滋病病毒感染及愛滋病診斷個案,後述個案會用特別表格第DH 2293號呈報。

截至2008年6月30日,透過這個制度呈報的愛滋病病毒感染個案共有3822宗,其中966宗已發展成爲愛滋病個案。從愛滋病開始流行至1996年期間,愛滋病病毒感染及愛滋病的呈報個案不斷穩定

The reported HIV infections and AIDS cases had reached the top and become stable at about 350 and 70 cases per year respectively in the subsequent years. The leveling off of AIDS cases may partly be due to the introduction of Highly Antiretroviral Therapy (HAART) or commonly known as the cocktail therapy since the end of 1996.

HIV infection affects more males than females with the ratio in the region of 4.2:1 as at June 2008. However, it is notable that the number of reported infected females is on the rise over the past decade.

The majority (67.2%) of all our reported HIV infections in Hong Kong belong to ethnic Chinese.

Although the number of HIV infections related to injection drug use remains low at 234 cases (or 6.1%) so far, 137 of them (59%) were reported in the past 3 years. The total number of perinatal HIV transmission cases now stands at 20 as of June 2008.

Unlinked Anonymous Screening

The Unlinked Anonymous Screening programme in Hong Kong was started in November 1990. The seroprevalence rates of patients attending tuberculosis treatment clinics and inmates newly admitted into correctional institutes were 1.24% and 0.26% respectively in 2007.

Seroprevalence in selected populations

The positive HIV antibody detection rate was 0.004% from all the blood donations in 2007 carried out by the Hong Kong Red Cross Blood Transfusion Service. The positivity rate among Social Hygiene Clinic attendees was 0.148% in 2007, a small increase from the previous year (0.127% in 2006).

上升。其後數年,感染及發病的個案數字到達頂點,並維持在每年大約350及70宗的水平。愛滋病個案的數字穩定下來,部分原因可能是從1996年年底開始採用高效抗逆轉錄病毒藥物療法(或俗稱雞尾酒療法)所致。

在地區層面而言,愛滋病病毒感染者以 男性居多,截至2008年6月受感染男女 比例為4.2:1。不過,近十年來女性感染 者的呈報個案持續上升。

本港的愛滋病病毒感染呈報個案中,大部分(67.2%)是華裔人士。

雖然因注射藥物而感染病毒的個案至今維持在234宗(或6.1%)的低水平,但其中137宗(59%)是在過去三年接報的個案。截至2008年6月,母嬰傳染個案共錄得20宗。

非聯繫不記名檢查

自1990年11月起,香港推行非聯繫不記 名檢查計劃。2007年胸肺科診所病人及 懲教院所新收囚犯的血清現患率,分別 為1.24%及0.26%。

選定人口組別的血清現患率

香港紅十字會輸血服務中心於2007年對所有捐贈血液進行檢查後,發現其中0.004%對愛滋病病毒測試呈陽性反應。公共社會衞生科診所於2007年對病人所作的檢查中,則發現0.148%呈陽性反應,較對上一年(2006年的比率爲0.127%)略爲增加。

The implementation of the universal HIV antibody testing programme began on 1 September 2001 in all antenatal clinics of the Hospital Authority and Maternal and Child Health Clinics of the Department of Health. In its first year running, a total of 41714 samples were tested with an average opt-out rate of 3.8% in the public service, 12 pregnant women were found positive for HIV, indicating a prevalence of 0.03%, which was slightly smaller than that projected from the pilot study of Kwong Wah Hospital.

The numbers of tests and the results in the subsequent few years areas follows:

	No	HIV+	%	Opt-Out
				(%)
2003	36366	6	0.02	3.1
2004	41070	6	0.01	2.1
2005	42750	5	0.01	1.9
2006	43297	8	0.02	2.0
2007	47472	10	0.02	2.6

Universal HIV Antibody (Urine) Testing Programme in Methadone Clinics

The MUT Programme in Hong Kong was piloted in 2003 and rolled out to all clinics in 2004. Out of 8812 samples collected from the Methadone Clinics in 2004, 18 were tested HIV positive, equivalent to 0.204%

	No	HIV+	%
2003	1834	9	0.491
(July – Sept)			
2004	8812	18	0.204
2005	8696	28	0.322
2006	7730	28	0.362
2007	7314	26	0.355

從2001年9月1日開始,醫院管理局轄下 所有產前服務診所及衞生署轄下所有母 嬰健康院實施愛滋病病毒抗體普及測試 計劃。計劃首年內,共測試了41714個 樣本,而不接受測試的比率平均爲 3.8%。經測試的樣本中,有12名孕婦的 樣本對病毒測試呈陽性反應,現患率爲 0.03%,略低於廣華醫院試驗研究所預 測的比率。

其後數年所作測試的數目及結果如下:

	測試數目	陽性 反應	所佔 比率	不接受測試比率(%)
2003	36366	6	0.02	3.1
2004	41070	6	0.01	2.1
2005	42750	5	0.01	1.9
2006	43297	8	0.02	2.0
2007	47472	10	0.02	2.6

<u>美沙酮診所愛滋病病毒抗體尿液普及測</u> 試計劃

美沙酮診所愛滋病病毒抗體尿液普及測試計劃於2003年在香港試行,並於2004年在所有診所全面推行。2004年從美沙酮診所收集的8812個測試樣本中,18個樣本呈陽性反應,所佔比率為0.204%。

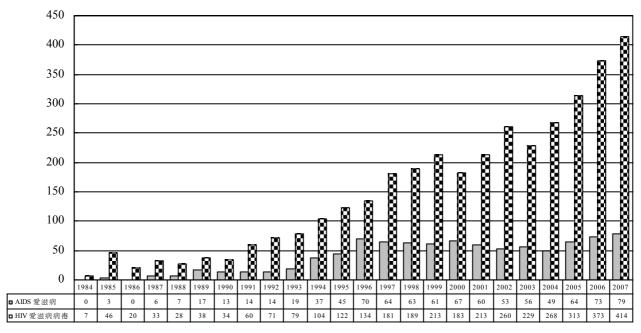
	測試	陽性	所佔
	數目	反應	比率
2003	1834	9	0.491
(7月至9月)			
2004	8812	18	0.204
2005	8696	28	0.322
2006	7730	28	0.362
2007	7314	26	0.355

Figure 1: Annual Reported HIV/AIDS in Hong Kong

圖 1: 香港每年愛滋病及愛滋病病毒感染個案

1984 - 2007 (N=3612/934)

No of cases 個案數字



Year 年份

Figure 2: Ethnicity of reported HIV infection in Hong Kong

圖 2: 香港每年感染愛滋病病毒人士之種族分類

1984 - 2007 (N=3612)

No. of Cases 個案數字

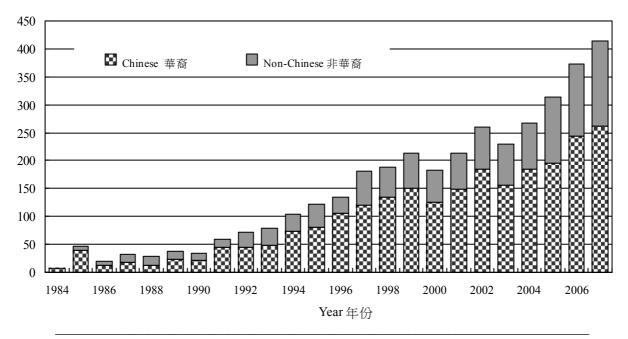


Figure 3: Routes of transmission of HIV infection in Hong Kong 圖 3: 香港每年感染愛滋病病毒人士之傳染途徑分佈

1984 - 2007 (N=3612)

No. of Cases 個案數字

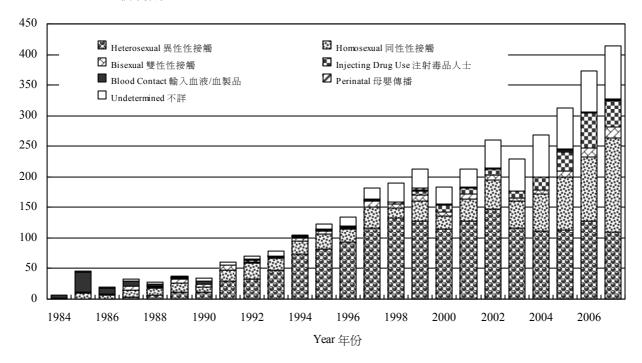


Figure 4: Sources of referral of HIV infection in Hong Kong 圖 4: 香港每年感染愛滋病病毒人士之轉介來源分佈

1984 - 2007 (N=3612)

No. of Cases 個案數字

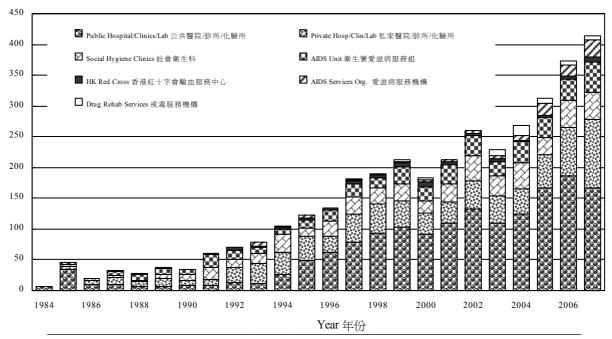


Figure 5: Primary AIDS-defining Conditions of reported AIDS in Hong Kong

圖 5: 香港愛滋病患者最先出現的愛滋病指徵疾病

1985 - 2007 (N=934)

No. of Cases 個案數字

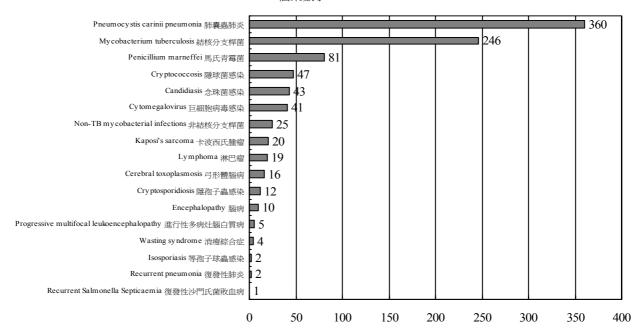
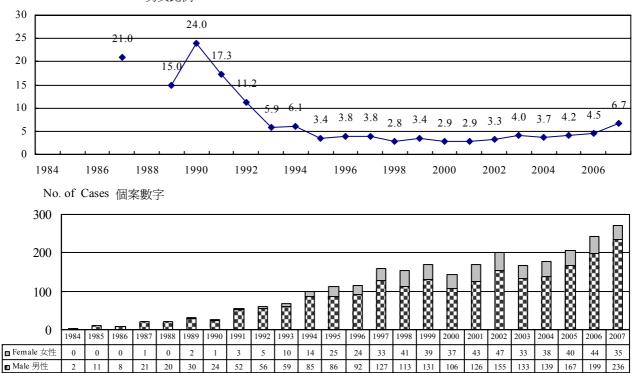


Figure 6: Reported HIV Infection through Sexual Transmission* by sex in Hong Kong 圖 6: 香港每年透過性接觸*而感染愛滋病病毒人士之性別分佈 1984 – 2007 (N=2693)

Male to Female Ratio 男女比例



Year年份

* Sexual transmission refers to that relating Heterosexual, Homosexual and Bisexual contacts

2. Historical Development of Hong Kong's AIDS Programme

第二章 香港愛滋病計劃的發展史

The development of Hong Kong's AIDS programme can be broadly divided into the following phases:

香港愛滋病計劃的發展,大致上可分為 下列幾個階段:

The Initial Response Phase (1984-1986)

In November 1984, an Expert Committee on AIDS was set up within the then Medical and Health Department to discuss and review the medical aspects of AIDS and to work out a plan necessary for monitoring and managing the disease when required. Subsequently in 1985, a Scientific Working Group on AIDS (SWG) was formed to initiate and implement medical, surveillance and public health activities in Hong Kong. The key output during this period included: establishing an AIDS counselling clinic and a hotline, ensuring supply of safe heat-treated blood products, safeguarding blood through blood-screening by the Hong Kong Red Cross Blood Transfusion Service (HKRCBTS), initiating HIV/AIDS surveillance system, providing the HIV antibody tests to people at risk of infection

初期回應階段(1984至1986年)

在 1984 年 11 月,前醫務衞生署設立愛滋病專家委員會,負責討論及檢討愛滋病的醫療問題,並在有需要時爲監察及治理愛滋病制定所需計劃。其後,愛滋病科學工作小組在 1985 年成立,負責在本港開展及推行這方面的醫療、監測及公共衞生活動。這個階段的主要工作,包括設立愛滋病輔導診所及熱線、確保提供經過熱處理的安全血液製品、確保提供經過熱處理的安全血液製品、充過香港紅十字會輸血服務中心所實施的血液測試來確保供應安全的血液、設立愛滋病病毒感染/愛滋病監測系統,以及爲易受感染人士進行病毒抗體測試。

Enhanced Public Education Phase (1987-1989)

Public education was systematically introduced in this phase, in line with the strategy of the World Health Organisation (WHO). A committee on Education & Publicity on AIDS (CEPAIDS) and a publicity working group were formed by the then Medical and Health Department

加強公眾教育階段(1987 至 1989 年)

爲配合世界衞生組織的策略,政府在這個階段有系統地推行公眾教育。前醫務衛生署成立了愛滋病教育及宣傳委員會與宣傳工作小組,負責開展、落實及統籌宣傳及教育活動。在各個政府部門及社會機構的協助下,這些活動一一推

to initiate, implement and co-ordinate publicity and educational programmes. These were put forth through the support of various government departments as well as community organisations. Media publicity was launched, with Announcements in the Public Interest (APIs) on television and radio, produced by the Information Services Department to arouse public awareness.

行。政府新聞處亦製作電視及電台宣傳 短片和聲帶,透過傳媒廣泛宣傳,藉以 提高市民對愛滋病的認識。

The AIDS Counselling and Health Education Service of the then Medical & Health Department was expanded to become an operational arm of the committee to organise activities targeting various community groups.

前醫務衞生署轄下愛滋病輔導及健康教育服務的規模亦予擴充,成爲愛滋病教育及宣傳委員會的執行單位,爲不同的目標社群籌辦活動。

Consolidation Phase (1990 - 1993)

A central advisory body, the Hong Kong Advisory Council on AIDS (ACA), was established in March 1990 membership appointed by the governor. The ACA was charged with recommending **AIDS** strategy and streamlining the operations of Hong Kong's AIDS prevention, care and control programmes. Community participation was encouraged and AIDS NGOs were formed during this period. The AIDS Concern and the AIDS Foundation were formed respectively in 1990 and 1991 both to provide community education as well as counselling and support service to people living with HIV/AIDS.

In early 1993, the AIDS Trust Fund was set up by the Government to provide exgratia payment to HIV-infected haemophiliacs and transfusion recipients, following the public outcry in response to the rejection of an HIV-infected haemophilia boy from school. The same fund also financed education and AIDS care projects in Hong Kong.

On the other hand, the HIV/AIDS surveillance system was strengthened through the conduction of epidemiological serosurveillance, e.g. unlinked anonymous

鞏固階段(1990至1993年)

香港愛滋病顧問局(顧問局)這個中央顧問機構,於1990年3月成立,成員由總督委任,負責建議愛滋病策略及精簡本港愛滋病預防、護理及控制計劃的運作。除鼓勵社會參與外,多個愛滋病非政府組織亦在這個階段成立。先後於1990及1991年成立的關懷愛滋及愛滋病基金會,均有推行愛滋病的社會教育,以及爲愛滋病病毒感染者/愛滋病患者提供輔導和支援服務。

一名患有血友病的男童因感染愛滋病病毒而遭校方勒令停學的事件,引起市民極大迴響。因此,政府在 1993 年年初設立愛滋病信託基金,爲感染愛滋病病毒的血友病患者和接受輸血人士提供特惠補助金。該基金亦撥款資助本港的愛滋病教育及護理計劃。

另一方面,政府透過流行病學血清監測措施,例如非聯繫不記名檢查計劃等, 以加強愛滋病病毒感染/愛滋病監測系 screening (UAS). The original counselling service evolved to become the AIDS Unit of the Department of Health.

統的成效。至於原有的愛滋病輔導服務,則演變成爲衞生署轄下的愛滋病服務組。

Wider Community Participation Phase (1994-1997)

In 1994, the ACA published its first official strategy document titled *Strategies for AIDS Prevention*, *Care & Control in Hong Kong*, which formed the blueprint for policy formulation in the Government as well as community organisations.

There was wider community participation within this period and various new organisations were founded, including Action for REACH OUT, Society for AIDS Care, AIDS Memorial Quilt Project, HIV Information & Drop-In Centre of the St John's Cathedral, and the Teen AIDS. AIDS NGOs had contributed significantly under funding support from the AIDS Trust Fund. At the same time, more traditional organisations also incorporated AIDS in its conventional activities through new initiatives, for example, the Community Charter on AIDS by the Lions Club International District 303 Hong Kong and Macao.

During this period, education programmes on awareness and prevention were expanded with the participation of more NGOs and the re-organised CEPAIDS.

Expanded Response Phase (1998-2001)

A fundamental review, including an internal assessment and an external review, was conducted in 1998. The results and recommendations were submitted to the ACA in July 1998. Based on findings of the Review, the ACA

加強社會參與階段(1994 至 1997 年)

顧問局於 1994 年發表第一份正式的策略文件,名爲《香港防治愛滋病策略》。這份文件日後成爲政府及社會機構制定政策的藍本。

在這個階段,社會參與更爲廣泛,多個新機構相繼成立,包括青鳥、愛滋寧養服務協會、香港愛滋病紀念掛被計劃、聖約翰座堂「愛之家」諮詢及服務中心,以及青少年愛滋教育中心。在愛滋病信託基金的資助下,愛滋病非政府組織作出了重大的貢獻。同時,愈來愈多傳統的社會機構也在其固有服務上增設愛滋病服務;國際獅子總會港澳303區推行的《香港社群關注愛滋病約章》,便是一例。

同一時期,隨着更多非政府組織參與其中,加上愛滋病教育及宣傳委員會重組,關注及預防愛滋病的教育活動日益 擴展。

加強回應階段(1998至2001年)

政府於 1998 年進行徹底的檢討,包括 內部評估及外間顧問研究。所得結果和 建議於 1998 年 7 月提交顧問局,而顧 問局則根據檢討結果於同年發表《香港 愛滋病策略:一九九九年至二零零一 formulated its medium term strategy through the publication of *AIDS Strategies* for *Hong Kong 1999-2001* in the same year. To tie in with the strategies formulated, a total of ten targets, ranging from early targets, through-period targets, and end-of-period targets were set up for implementation in the years 1999-2001. The key foci of these strategies were:

(a) Focus on Prevention

Special emphasis was placed on the vulnerable groups with risk-taking behaviour. It involved the community's participation in prevention and care activities of HIV/AIDS and the promotion of acceptance to people living with HIV/AIDS.

(b) Ensuring Quality Care

Attentions were drawn to supporting quality treatment, meeting the needs of people with HIV/AIDS, and promoting HIV testing.

(c) Strengthening Partnership

The strategies featured the setting of a common programme direction, expanding responses through Community Planning, conducting evaluations to check the progress, and strengthening surveillance to monitor the HIV situation.

Building on Success Phase (2002-2006)

The HIV prevalence in Hong Kong was at a low level of not more than 0.1% in the general population. The conclusion was drawn after examining all available epidemiological data, with the caution that the potential for its spread was always present. Against the background of a relatively low HIV prevalence, Hong Kong's programme on its prevention, care and control, had incorporated various components. Within each component of the programme, *gaps and challenges* were identified for the formulation of the strategies 2002 to 2006.

年》,並藉此制定中期策略。爲配合所 訂策略,顧問局定出十項工作目標,包 括前期目標、中期目標和後期目標,並 在 1999 至 2001 年間陸續推行。這些策 略的主要重點爲:

(a) 專注預防工作

特別針對有高危行為的易受感染社群, 鼓勵社會參與預防及護理愛滋病病毒感染/愛滋病的活動,以及促進社會人士 接納感染者/病患者。

(b) 保證服務質素

着重優質治療的支援工作、切合愛滋病 病毒感染者/愛滋病患者的需要,以及 促進愛滋病病毒測試的工作。

(c) 加強伙伴關係

這方面的策略,包括制定共同策劃方 向、透過社群策劃進程擴大回應範圍、 進評估以監察進度,以及加強監察愛滋 病病毒感染情況。

繼往開來階段 (2002 至 2006 年)

香港愛滋病感染率處於低水平,不足總人口比例的百分之零點一。這個數字是從現有的流行病學數據中分析得來的,但我們必須注意,疫症隨時都可能蔓延。鑒於香港擁有低感染率的背景,愛滋病預防、護理及控制的活動規劃現時包括各個部分。在制定二零零二年至二零零六年的策略時,每部份都附加了不足之處和挑戰。

Aiming at maintaining a low HIV prevalence, an expanded and sustainable response, and foundings on the seven guiding principles, four objectives were defined for Hong Kong's HIV programmes for 2002 to 2006:

- (a) To implement targeted interventions best suited in low HIV prevalence situation:
- (b) To support evidence-based programme development;
- (c) To integrate HIV prevention, education, treatment and care efforts in existing health and social service programmes; and
- (d) To interface effectively with the Mainland to maximise the impacts of the collective responses.

A mechanism was established to monitor the progress towards the goal and objectives proposed for the years from 2002 to 2006. A set of eleven targets was developed. A progress of the targets is in Appendix A.

Current AIDS Programme (Extracted from Chapter 3 of the Recommended HIV/AIDS Strategies for Hong Kong 2007-2011)

Programmes on HIV/AIDS

Over the years, Hong Kong has established a comprehensive range of programmes and activities by various sectors of the community to address HIV/AIDS. The term programme denotes this unique set of collaborative efforts. This section serves to provide an outline as well as the highlights of the latest development.

Hong Kong's HIV/AIDS Programme are executed by a variety of agencies. Within the Government, the Department of Health's SPP is the designated unit working on AIDS. With the formation of CHP under Department of Health in 2004,

為達到維持低感染率的目標,擴大持續的響應至為重要。基於七項指導原則,定下由 2002至2006 的五年香港愛滋病活動規劃的四個目的:

- (a) 實施最適合愛滋病低感染率情況的 針對性干預措施;
- (b) 支援以實證爲本的規劃制定;
- (c) 將愛滋病預防、教育、治療以及護理工作整合到現有的衞生和社會服務活動規劃當中;及
- (d) 有效地加強與國內進行交流,共同 回應,以達致預期的效果。

爲了監察進展,有需要建立一個機制, 以便對目標,以及爲 2002 年至 2006 年 提出的目的,就其進展情況,進行監 察。爲方便監察,顧問局訂定了十一個 目標。請參閱附錄甲的目標實施進展。

現有的愛滋病活動規劃(摘錄自《香港愛滋病建議策略二零零七至二零一一年》第三章)

愛滋病活動規劃

多年以來,香港已經建立一個由社會各 方機構組成的網絡,推行各種不同的活 動,推動對抗愛滋病的工作。活動規劃 就是指這一系列獨特的協作工作。本節 概述活動規劃的綱要及近期發展重點。

本港的愛滋病活動規劃由不同機構執行。在政府內部,衞生署轄下的特別預防計劃是愛滋病工作的指定專門負責單位。衞生署於二零零四年成立衞生防護中心後,特別預防計劃轉至其公共衞生

SPP was put under its Public Health Services Branch. The Governmentappointed Advisory Council on AIDS provides policy advice on all aspects of the infection. In 2004, the ACA released its report on the study of HIV-infected haemophiliacs "The Forgotten tragedy, the trauma", Unforgettable recommendations of which were adopted by the Government. The new Community Forum on AIDS was set up by the Council in its sixth term of 2005-2008. A number of AIDS non-governmental organizations (NGO)s provide prevention and care services in community-based settings. Formed in February 1998, the *Hong Kong* Coalition of AIDS Service Organizations (HKCASO) aims to facilitate communication member between its agencies and to advocate on policy issues relating to HIV/AIDS in Hong Kong. The efforts of designated organizations/units are supplemented by other government services, public bodies, mainstream NGOs and the academia

HIV/AIDS surveillance is a regular programme under the purview of the Department of Health. It is comprised of 4 inter-relating components: (i) voluntary reporting, (ii) seroprevalence studies, (iii) behavioural surveillance, and (iv) sexually transmitted infection (STI) surveillance. Quarterly statistics and annual surveillance reports are published on a regular basis. Updated statistics are released disseminated to stakeholders through the website (www.aids.gov.hk) and quarterly press meetings. The DH2293 report form on HIV/AIDS was revised in late 2005 to collect more useful information. Based on several years of gainful experience from the pilot molecular epidemiology project, HIV-1 subtyping has been recently incorporated as a surveillance tool in Hong Kong.

The Government's **HIV prevention and health promotion** activities are implemented by both designated AIDS services and other departments/units. The *Red Ribbon Centre* is the resource centre

服務處。政府委任的「香港愛滋病顧問 局」爲所有涉及愛滋病/愛滋病毒感染 方面的政策提供建議。二零零四年, 「愛滋病顧問局」發布了一份有關受愛 滋病病毒感染的血友病患者的報告書, 名為被遺忘的悲劇不能忘記的創傷(The Forgotten tragedy, the Unforgettable trauma)。報告書內的各項建議獲政府 採納。顧問局於二零零五年至二零零八 年第六屆任期內成立新的愛滋病社區論 壇。目前有多個非政府組織的愛滋病團 體提供以社群爲本的愛滋病預防和護理 服務。「香港愛滋病服務機構聯盟」成 立於一九九八年二月,主要爲促進各會 員機構之間的聯繫,並倡議與香港愛滋 病政策相關的事宜。上述指定政府及非 政府部門/機構的工作得到其他政府服 務部門、公營機構/團體、主流非政府 組織以及學術界的配合。

愛滋病監測是衛生署的一個常規項目。 愛滋病監測工作由四個互爲聯繫的重要 部份組成:(i)自願呈報;(ii)血清監測 研究;(iii)行爲監測,以及(iv)性病監 測。計劃定期發布資料,包括每季統計 數字和年度報告。最新的統計資料會透 過網站(www.aids.gov.hk)發布及分發 給各有關組織/人士,同時每季召開新 聞發布會。呈報愛滋病病毒/愛滋病表 格DH2293已於二零零五年底更新內 容,目的在收集更多有用資料。根據多 年來從分子流行病學試驗項目汲取到的 經驗,HIV-1型病毒亞型分析最近已獲 採納爲香港的監測工具。

政府的**愛滋病預防與健康推廣活動**由各個指定愛滋病服務單位以及其他部門推行。「紅絲帶中心」是衞生署愛滋病預防及健康推廣的活動和資源中心。該中

that houses the Department of Health's HIV Prevention and Health Promotion Team. The Centre organizes three major categories of activities - communication and information projects on awareness and acceptance, targeted prevention, capacity building. Its designation as the Joint United Nations Programme HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) Collaborating Centre for Technical Support was granted in 1998 and recently extended to mid-2008. A new wing of the Centre was opened in June 2006 to enhance its role in capacity building and training. The Department's Social Hygiene Service and Methadone Treatment Programme are outlets for STI treatment and harm reduction respectively. Territory-wide social marketing campaigns on harm reduction and safer sex were carried out in 2002 and 2005 respectively. In 2004, a universal yearly urine HIV testing programme was rolled out in all methadone clinics, to improve care, surveillance and control of HIV among drug users. In mid-2006, in partnership with the community, a HIV awareness campaign targeting MSM was launched. The Hong Kong Red Cross Blood Transfusion Service is on the forefront in safeguarding blood supply in Hong Kong. Nucleic acid amplification test for HIV and HCV was introduced in July 2002 to further shorten the window period of missing acute infections in blood donors.

On the community level, the AIDS NGOs have continued to consolidate their expertise in HIV prevention and care. AIDS Concern is a pioneer in the development of prevention activities targeting MSM, travellers and sex workers. The CHOICE, Action for Reach Out and Ziteng worked on female sex workers and clients. The Society for AIDS Care provides centrebased and home care services to people living with HIV/AIDS. The St John's Cathedral HIV Education Centre works on prevention among youth, women, Asian migrant workers and church congregations. TeenAIDS focused on HIV awareness and young people. The Hong Kong AIDS Foundation targets a range of populations 心主要舉辦三類活動:提高對愛滋病的 認識及推動接納病患者的宣傳及資訊計 劃;向目標對象推行針對性干預;以及 培訓工作。一九九八年,該中心被指定 爲聯合國愛滋病規劃署合作中心(專業 支援),最近更獲重新委任,任期至二 零零八年中。紅絲帶中心增建的新翼於 二零零六年六月啓用,將有助加強中心 的培訓和教育職能。衞生署轄下的社會 衞生科及美沙酮診所分別提供性病治療 服務及緩害服務。政府分別於二零零二 年和二零零五年推行全港的緩害及安全 性行爲宣傳運動。二零零四年開始正式 實行全港美沙酮診所使用者每年一次愛 滋病病毒抗體尿液普及測試,目的是加 強改善吸毒者的愛滋病治理、監測及控 制病毒在吸毒者之間傳播。二零零六年 中,政府與社羣團體合作推出一項提高 男男性接觸者對愛滋病認識的活動。 「香港紅十字會輸血服務中心」是維護 香港血液安全供應的最前線機構。二零 零二年七月,紅十字會正式採用核酸測 試檢查捐血者的血液,以縮短發現愛滋 病及丙型肝炎感染的空窗期。

在社區層面上,各個非政府組織的愛滋 病團體繼續鞏固各自在愛滋病預防和護 理方面的專業知識與技能。「關懷愛 滋」是開展以男男性接觸者、流動人 及女性性服務工作者爲服務對象的愛滋 病預防活動的先行機構。「社區健康組 織」、「青鳥」、「紫藤」等組織專門 爲女性性服務工作者及其顧客提供服 務。「愛滋寧養服務協會」則專爲愛滋 病患者提供家居護理服務,亦設有中心 服務中心」集中關注青少年、婦女、 服務中心」集中關注青少年、婦女、 照務中心」主要 附工作。「青少年愛滋教育中心」主要 and is notable for its collaboration with Mainland. Over the past few years, there was an increasing number of main stream organizations commencing work in the field of HIV/AIDS. The Society for the Aid and Rehabilitation of Drug Abusers works on drug users in outreach and treatment settings, the Society of Rehabilitation and Crime Prevention targets sex workers and ex-offenders, the Caritas – Hong Kong and the Boys and Girls' Club Association of Hong Kong focus on youth. The Hong Kong Federation of Women's Centres serves women.

HIV testing, diagnosis and care constitute another broad category of programme on AIDS. The Government's Public Health Laboratory Centre is the largest diagnostic laboratory on HIV in Hong Kong, supporting a variety of testing and patient monitoring services/programmes organized by the Department of Health, Hospital Authority, NGOs as well as private sectors (on confirmation testing). The advent of highly active antiretroviral therapy (HAART) has significantly changed HIV treatment and care around the world. At the end of year 2005, it was estimated that there were some 3200 PLHA in Hong Kong, with an estimated 1200 people on HAART. Longitudinal care of the vast majority of PLHA is provided by the public sector -Integrated Treatment Centre (ITC) of the Department of Health and the Special Medical Service of the Hospital Authority's Oueen Elizabeth Hospital. Princess Margaret Hospital is providing inpatient care on HIV/AIDS and collaborates with ITC through the Infectious Disease Programme on AIDS. Queen Marv Hospital is the largest centre for HIVinfected paediatric patients. The Scientific Committee on AIDS and STI under the CHP formulates technical guidance and recommendations on public health and clinical practice. It issued two local recommendations on antiretroviral therapy delivery framework HIVcare respectively in 2005.

推行提高青少年認識愛滋病活動及性教育。「香港愛滋病基金會」則一直專注多個特別社群,與中國內地合作方面尤其出色。過去幾年,愈來愈多主流組織開展有關愛滋病的工作。「香港戒毒會」專責吸毒者的外展和治療工作。「香港善導會」主要服務對象爲性服務工作者和釋囚;「香港明愛」和「香港小童群益會」集中服務青少年;「香港婦女聯合中心協會」則以爲婦女爲主要服務對象。

愛滋病病毒抗體測試、診斷和治理是愛 滋病活動規劃中另一個覆蓋廣泛的工作 類別。公共衞生檢測中心是本港最具規 模的愛滋病病毒診斷實驗室,爲衞生 署、醫管局及各非政府組織,以至私營 機構(確認測試)的各種測試服務及病 人監測服務/計劃提供支援。隨著高效 能抗逆轉錄病毒治療法(HAART)面 世,爲全球各地愛滋病治療和護理工作 帶來深遠的影響。直至二零零五年底, 估計香港的愛滋病病毒感染者和愛滋病 患者總數爲三千二百人,而當中約有一 千二百人正在接受HAART 治療。這些 人士大多數使用公立的冶理服務,包括 衞生署綜合治療中心,以及醫院管理局 轄下伊利沙伯醫院特別內科服務的照 顧。而瑪嘉烈醫院則透過與綜合治療中 心合作的傳染病(愛滋病)計劃,協力提 供愛滋病患者住院治理服務。瑪麗醫院 是愛滋病兒科病人的最大醫療中心。衞 生防護中心轄下的愛滋病及性病科學委 員會負責就愛滋病及性病這兩項公共衞 生問題及相關臨床工作提供技術指導和 建議。該委員會於二零零五年公布了兩 份報告,就愛滋病抗逆轉錄病毒藥物療 法及本港的愛滋病患者治理服務架構提 出建議。

Programme funding source comes mainly from the Government, both through regular established mechanisms and the ATF, to Government departments, public bodies and community organizations. The ATF introduced a technical review system and a 3-year programme funding mechanism in 2003. In 2005, the ATF established an additional ex-gratia payment scheme to provide financial assistance to HIV infected haemophiliac patients and their families.

In response to the rising MSM epidemic, the ATF in December 2006 launched a Special Project Fund for HIV prevention in MSM to support community projects reducing risk behaviours preventing HIV infections in MSM for the coming two financial years (2007 to 2009). The SPF funds prevention and research projects and, for the first time, predefined objectives and preferred project areas are listed for application. From 2002 to 2006, a total of 79 projects were funded by ATF, amounting to a total of HK\$107 million. These covered patient support and care, HIV prevention and research. Besides, the NGOs have been active in raising funds for their operation and services to support community-based projects over the years.

Relationship with the Mainland and the International Community

The relationship of ACA with the Mainland AIDS workers has become more intimate since 1997. There are various means of collaborating with Mainland China on the prevention and control of HIV/AIDS. These include:

- (1) participation in World Health Organisation (WHO) or other United Nation (UN) supported activities, including consultancies on the Mainland;
- (2) participation in conferences and

香港愛滋病活動規劃的大部分經費來自 政府。各政府機構以及公營機構通過有 關的常規既定機制獲得撥款,而愛滋病 信託基金則爲以社群服務爲主的組織, 提供舉辦愛滋病活動經濟資助。二零零 三年,愛滋病信託基金委員會通過引入 一項技術評核制度,並設立三年活動計 劃的撥款機制。二零零五年,該委員會 設立一項額外愛滋病特惠補助金,對受 愛滋病病毒感染的血友病患者和他們的 家人提供經濟援助。

鑒於男男性接觸者感染愛滋病的上升趨 勢,愛滋病信託基金委員會於二零零六 年十二月推出一項特別撥款計劃,目的 是在下兩個財政年度(二零零七年至二 零零九年) 資助在社區開展針對預防愛 滋病感染、減少男男性接觸者高風險行 爲的活動。特別項目撥款計劃資助的預 防和研究項目的申請表,首次列明預定 目標及優先考慮項目範圍。二零零二年 至二零零六年期間,共有七十九個項目 獲得愛滋病信託基金資助,總資助額達 一億七百萬港元。這些項目內容包括支 援愛滋病患者及愛滋病相關的護理、預 防和研究。此外,各非政府組織在過去 多年來一直積極籌募經費,以資助組織 本身的營運和服務,以支援社區爲本的 愛滋病活動。

與內地和國際社會的聯繫

自 1997 年起,顧問局與內地愛滋病工作者的關係漸趨密切。在預防和控制愛滋病病毒感染/愛滋病方面,兩地的合作方式包括:

- (1) 參加世界衞生組織或其他由聯合國 資助的活動,包括在內地進行顧問 研究;
- (2) 出席各類會議;
- (3) 合辦教育/訓練活動;以及

meetings;

- (3) joint education/training activities; and
- (4) reciprocal visits of government officials and non-governmental organisations personnel.

(4) 政府官員及非政府組織的人員進行 互訪。

Although direct participation of international agencies in Hong Kong's AIDS programme has yet to be seen, interaction with the international community are witnessed in the following areas:

雖然外國機構暫時並無直接參與香港的 愛滋病計劃,但香港與國際社會曾就下 列範疇進行交流:

- (1) epidemiological surveillance,
- (2) information sharing,
- (3) acquisition of technical advice, and
- (4) co-ordination with other countries.

Such networking is made through participation in meetings, visits, training, seminars and conferences.

The Red Ribbon Centre, which partners with the ACA in Hong Kong's AIDS programmes, has become a UNAIDS (Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS) Collaborating Centre for Technical Support. Since December 1998, the relationship between the ACA and the UNAIDS has thus been tied together and strengthened.

The UNAIDS Collaborating Centre has 4 roles to play: (a) clearinghouse, (b) networking (c) technical development, and (d) collaboration.

- (1) 流行病學監測;
- (2) 交換資料;
- (3) 徵詢技術意見;以及
- (4) 與其他國家協調聯繫。

另外,亦透過會面、訪問、訓練、研討 會和會議建立溝通網絡。

在香港愛滋病計劃中與顧問局合作的紅 絲帶中心,由 1998 年 12 月起成為聯合 國愛滋病規劃署技術支援合作中心,顧 問局和聯合國愛滋病規劃署的關係亦因 此更形緊密。

聯合國愛滋病規劃署合作中心負責四重 角色,即:(a) 交流訊息、(b) 建立 溝通網絡、(c) 發展技術,以及(d) 促進合作。

3. Hong Kong Advisory Council on AIDS

第三章 香港愛滋病顧問局

Introduction

The Hong Kong Advisory Council on AIDS (ACA) was formed in 1990 With a tenure of office for three years, it has just entered into the third year of its sixth term (1 August 2005 to 31 July 2008). The membership of the sixth term is shown in Appendix B.

With the primary objective of promoting community participation, the ACA comprises members drawn from all sectors of the community including community leaders and professionals. The terms of reference of the ACA in the current term are:

- (a) to keep under review local and international trends and development relating to HIV infection and AIDS;
- (b) to advise Government on policy relating to the prevention, care and control of HIV infection and AIDS in Hong Kong; and
- (c) to advise on the co-ordination and monitoring of programmes on the prevention of HIV infection and the provision of services to people with HIV/AIDS in Hong Kong.

A two-tier system of interaction was adopted in the sixth term. After integrating the function of coordinating agencies working on HIV prevention and care and promoting acceptance of people living with HIV/AIDS, a new committee named the Community Forum on AIDS (CFA) was formed.

引言

香港愛滋病顧問局(顧問局)於 1990年成立。每屆任期爲三年,現在剛好進入第六屆的第三個年頭(2005年8月1日至2008年7月31日)。第六屆成員的名單,載於附錄乙。

顧問局以促進社會參與爲主要目的,成 員來自社會各界,包括社會領袖及專業 人士。現屆顧問局的職權範圍如下:

- (a) 關注愛滋病病毒感染及愛滋病在本 地及海外的趨勢與發展;
- (b) 就有關香港預防、護理及控制愛滋 病病毒感染及愛滋病的政策向政府 提供意見;以及
- (c) 就有關協調和監察愛滋病病毒感染 預防計劃及爲香港愛滋病病毒感染 者/愛滋病患者提供服務這兩方面 提供意見。

由第六屆開始,顧問局採納了一個 2 層架構,成立了愛滋病社區論讀,加強與愛滋病預防及護理工作的機構和前線員工溝通,與及促進接納愛滋病患者。

A total of four ACA meetings were held during the reporting period as follows:

1. (60th meeting) 5 October 2007 2. (61st meeting) 11 January 2008 3. (62nd meeting) 11 April 2008 4. (63rd meeting) 4 July 2008

The issues and papers examined and reviewed by the ACA in the period covered by this report can be seen in Appendix D.

AIDS Policy

The ACA has managed to keep abreast of all the latest developments in the local public health infrastructive and the AIDS epidemic trend in Hong Kong. To cope with the changing circumstances, the ACA is constantly reviewing and adjusting its AIDS strategies. The ACA has published four policy documents so far. In July 1994, the ACA published its first policy document with the title "Strategies for AIDS Prevention, Care and Control in Hong Kong". It had since become the blueprint of Hong Kong's AIDS strategies. In 1998, a comprehensive review on Hong Kong's AIDS situation and programmes was conducted. On the basis of the principles 1994 of the Strategies and recommendations made through the Internal Assessment and in the External Consultancy Report, the AIDS Strategies for Hong Kong 1999-2001 was adopted by ACA as its official recommendations from 1999 to 2001. A new set of strategies, however, was put in place to replace the earlier recommendations. The new strategy document was known as Recommended HIV/AIDS Strategies for Hong Kong-2002 to 2006.

ACA at its 58th meeting endorsed the adoption of the new strategies entitled "the Recommended HIV/AIDS Strategies for Hong Kong 2007-2011". The document is intended to serve as a

顧問局在報告期內召開了下列四次會 議:

- 1. 第六十次會議 2007年10月5日
- 2. 第六十一次會議 2008 年 1 月 11 日
- 3. 第六十二次會議 2008 年 4 月 11 日
- 4. 第六十三次會議 2008 年 7 月 4 日

顧問局在本報告所涵蓋的期間內,曾經研究和檢討的事宜及文件,請參閱附錄丁。

愛滋病政策

顧問局精益求益,與時並進。爲配合本 港的常變情況及愛滋病趨勢,顧問局不 斷檢討和調整愛滋病策略。至今,顧問 局共發表了四份政策文件。第一份名為 **《香港防治愛滋病策略》**的政策文件, 自1994年7月發表以來一直是本港愛滋病 策略的藍本。其後,當局於1998年對香 港的愛滋病情況及計劃進行全面檢討, 由顧問局根據1994年策略文件所列載的 原則,並參照內部評估與外間顧問報告 書所提出的建議,通過了*《香港愛滋病*》 **策略:一九九九至二○○一年》**作爲 1999年至2001年的正式建議。然而,該 套較早前所作的建議,現已由另一套名 爲**《香港愛滋病建議策略-二〇〇二至** *二〇〇六年*》的新策略所取代。

顧問局在其第58次會議正式採納了其制 訂的《香港愛滋病建議策略-二零零七年 至二零一一年》這份文件是愛滋病顧問 局的藍圖,藉以指導、改進以及更有效 blueprint for guiding, improving and better coordinating the HIV programme in Hong Kong for the next few years. In this connection, Hong Kong's HIV programme refers to the collective efforts of all agencies on HIV prevention, care and control.

In preparing the strategies, ACA has taken reference from previous strategy documents, an estimation and projection of HIV/AIDS situation in Hong Kong, a community assessment and evaluation exercise and extensive consultations with Government bureaux and departments, AIDS NGOs, stakeholders and members of the public.

Under the framework for strategies for 2007-2011, there are four strategy objectives:

- (i) Maintaining low HIV prevalence;
- (ii) Reducing HIV spread;
- (iii) Achieving early HIV diagnosis, treatment and care; and
- (iv) Optimising health of HIV/AIDS patients.

and there are eight guiding principles:

- (i) Adopting evidence-based approach:
- (ii) Encouraging community partnership and support;
- (iii) Building supportive and enabling environment;
- (iv) Prioritizing funding;
- (v) Integrating monitoring and evaluation;
- (vi) Cultivating expertise;
- (vii) Addressing vulnerability and risk behaviours with intensive coverage; and
- (viii) Enhancing communication and education

The eight targets of the strategies are set out below:

地協調香港各項愛滋病活動計劃。在本 文,香港愛滋病規劃或活動計劃是指所 有有關機構在愛滋病預防、護理和控制 方面的集體努力。

在草擬這份建議策略時,愛滋病顧問局 參考了以往的策略香港愛滋病流行情況 估計及預測研究計劃,社群評估計劃及 廣泛諮詢政府各部門,政策局,愛滋病 的非政府組織,參予愛滋病工作及社會 各界人士的意見。

在這份策略的框架下,有下列四項目標:

- (i) 維持低愛滋病毒感染率;
- (ii) 減低愛滋病毒的傳播;
- (iii) 實現愛滋病毒感染早期診斷、治療 和護理; 及
- (iv) 確保愛滋病患者可以保持最佳健康 狀況。

及下列八個指導原則:

- (i) 以實證為本的方針;
- (ii) 鼓勵社群合作和支援;
- (iii) 建立互相扶持和有利環境;
- (iv) 確立資助優先次序;
- (v) 綜合監察和評估;
- (vi) 培養專門技術;
- (vii) 深入接觸易感社群和干預高風險 行為;
- (viii) 加強溝通和教育。

顧問局建議下列八項工作指標:

One	Increase condom use of
	MSM, sex workers and
	clients to ≥80%
Two	Incorporate rapid HIV testing
	for late presenting mothers to
	close gap of MTCT
Three	Develop one or more
	resource allocation plan to
	guide programme funding
Four	Review ATF funding
	mechanism to improve
	effective funding of
	community-based response
Five	Regularize community
	surveillance of risk
	populations at 1-2 year
	intervals
Six	Improve HIV testing
	coverage among risk
	populations
Seven	Sustain quality HIV care of
	international standards to
	people living with HIV/AIDS
Eight	Enhance collaboration with
	Mainland China through
	regular or ad-hoc
	programmes/projects

	提高男男性接觸者、性服務工作
	者及其顧客使用安全套的比率至
	八成或以上
	爲懷孕後期婦女安排快速愛滋病
	病毒抗體測試,減低母嬰傳播的
	機會
三	制訂一項或更多資源分配計劃,
	爲活動規劃撥款提供指引
四	檢討愛滋病信託基金的資助機
	制,促進以社群爲本的回應措施
	有效撥款
五	推行定期社區監測,每隔一至兩
	年爲高風險社群進行一次調查
六	改善高風險社群的愛滋病病毒抗
	體測試覆蓋面
七	爲愛滋病患者持續提供達國際標
	準的優質愛滋病治理服務
八	透過定期或特別計劃/項目,加
	強與中國內地合作

Building Community Relationship

The Chairman and the members of the ACA, in addition to their regular contact with the community, initiated visits and meetings with government and non-governmental organizations, as well as people living with HIV/AIDS (PLA) to develop a closer link with the community with a view to sharing experience and exchanging views on matters of common concern and improving liaison and understanding with PLA and non-AIDS organizations.

The 2-day 2007 Chinese Community Health Forum (華人健康平臺) was held in Hong Kong from 6 to 7 September 2007 at the Kowloon Regal Hotel at Tsim Sha Tsui East. Health professionals

建立社群關係

顧問局主席和成員除了日常與社會接觸外,還發起與政府機構、非政府組織及愛滋病病毒感染者/愛滋病患者的訪問及會議,從而建立更緊密的社會關係、就共同關注的事項分享經驗和交換意見,以及改善與感染者/病患者和非愛滋病機構的聯絡和溝通。

為期二天的華人健康平臺在2007年9月6日及7日在位於尖沙嘴東部的富豪九龍酒店舉行。來自國內、澳門及香港的醫護專業人員在會上交流他們對重要健康議

from the Mainland, Taiwan, Macau and Hong Kong exchanged their views and comments on important health issues of common interest at this platform. HIV/AIDS was one of these. The Chairman acted as the moderator for the first afternoon session on HIV/AIDS

題的看法及意見,愛滋病是其中一項重要議題。在第一天下午的會議上,主席 主持有關愛滋病的討論。

The Chairman acted as the moderator in the Network of Hong Kong Based AIDS Programmes in Mainland China and Neighbouring Countries sharing forum held on 6 October 2007 at the Red Ribbon Centre. The forum provided a platform for Hong Kong based nongovernmental organizations with AIDS projects on the Mainland China and in the neighbouring regions to share their work and experience and to enhance communication and collaboration among different parties. Representative of Public Health Consultancy Network, Happy Tree, Hong Kong Red Cross, AIDS Concern and the Salvation Army shared their work in China neighbouring countries with the participants.

以香港為基地在國內及鄰近國家舉辦愛滋病活動的分享論壇於2007年10月6日在紅絲帶中心舉行,論壇以香港為基地,在國內及香港鄰近國家舉辦愛滋病計劃的非政府組織提供一個平臺,方便機構代表分享及交流工作及經驗,加強溝通及合作。論壇由主席主持公共衞生研究網絡,快樂樹,香港紅十字會,關懷愛滋及救世軍的代表和與會者分享他們在國內及鄰近國家的工作。

"Stop AIDS, Keep the Promise" was the theme of the World AIDS Day Campaign in 2007. To disseminate the message and to raise the awareness of the public on HIV/AIDS, DH's Red Ribbon Centre (RRC) has collaborated with Radio 2, Radio Television Hong Kong to organize a kick-off ceremony for 2007 World AIDS Day activities on 30 November 2007 (Friday) at 2:15 pm at the Central Atrium of Olympian City 2, Kowloon. During the ceremony, there promotional TV API featuring Miss Miriam YEUNG and a promotional video featuring the work of AIDS service organizations including Red Ribbon Center its **UNAIDS** in role as Collaborating Centre for **Technical** Support.

「堅守承諾,共抗愛滋」是2007年世界愛滋日活動的主題。為傳播有關訊息及提高市民對問題關注,紅絲帶中心與香港電台第二台合作,於2007年11月30日在奧海城舉行活動開展禮。在典禮當中,播放了楊千嬅小姐最新的電視宣傳短片及愛滋病服務機構,包括紅絲帶中心作為聯合國愛滋病規劃署技術支援中心的工作花絮短片。

Director of Health was the host of the function. Mrs Selina TSANG, Patron of the Red Ribbon Centre together with the ACA Chairman and other guests

開展禮由衞生署署長主持,行政長官夫 人曾鮑笑微女士,紅絲帶中心的贊助 人,愛滋病顧問局主席及其他主禮嘉賓 officiated at the kick-off ceremony. Representatives of Shenzhen CDC and Macau CDC also participated in the prelude to the World AIDS Day.

The CHP Symposium was the flagship event of the Centre for Health Protection and was held from 18 to 19 January 2008 at Royal Plaza Hotel, Kowloon. The theme of the Symposium was "Emerging and Re-emerging Infectious Diseases – New Perspectives, New Approaches, and New Tools", the Chairman together with renowned overseas and local experts were invited to share their experience on preventing and controlling infectious diseases.

Dr Tim Brown, a world-renowned HIV epidemiologist, presented his consultancy report 'HIV/AIDS in Hong Kong -Hitting a Moving Target Building Effective and Sustainable Responses to an Evolving Epidemic' at the 61st ACA meeting on 11 January 2008 during his consultancy visit to Hong Kong. He commented that despite the continued growth of HIV epidemic notably in the MSM community, there was good progress made in the last couple of years. The knowledgebase has strengthened, the AIDS Trust Fund has implemented Special Project Fund for MSM prevention projects, and there have been growing participation of the community.

The Council for the AIDS Trust Fund and the Hong Kong Coalition of AIDS Service Organizations held the AIDS Seminar 2008 on 19 April 2008 at the Exhibition Hall of the Public Health Laboratory Centre. The seminar aimed to enhance collaboration among stakeholders and HIV preventions. ACA Chairman and members as CFA Convener, members actively participated in the seminar.

一同主禮。深圳疾病防治中心及澳門疾 病防治中心的代表亦有參加典禮。

在2008年1月18及19日在帝京酒店舉行的 衛生防護中心研討會,是衞生防護中心 的主要活動。研討會的主題是「新發現 及再度出現的傳染病 – 新思維、新觀 點、新方法」顧問局主席與其他專家及 學者一同出席研討會,分享預防及控制 傳染病的經驗。

Dr Tim Brown,世界知名愛滋病病毒流行病學學者,就其名爲「愛滋病在香港-擊中移動目標,建立有效及持久對蛻變流行病的回應。顧問研究報告在愛滋病顧問局在2008年1月11日的第61次會議上向委員匯報。雖然愛滋病病毒在男男性接觸者之間的傳播持續增加,在預防工作方面,在最近幾年亦大有進展。在加強知識層面的同時,愛滋病信託基金委員會推出特別撥款計劃,推行男男性接觸者的預防計劃活動,而其社區的參加人數,亦有上升。

香港愛滋病信託基金委員會與香港愛滋病服務機構聯盟在2008年4月19日在公共檢測中心展覽禮堂舉辦了「愛滋病研討會2008」。研討會的目的是加強愛滋病服務機構的合作及預防愛滋病。顧問局主席及委員和愛滋病論壇的召集人及委員都有出席及參與討論。

National and International Networking

The Chairman was invited to speak at a 3-day regional workshop on the 'Practical approaches to the effective treatment of drug addiction in Asia' held in Siem Reap Cambodia from 13-15 September 2007.

The meeting was officially declared opened by the Deputy Prime Minister of Cambodia. There were delegates from Australia. United Kingdom, USA, Vietnam, India, Nepal, Pakistan, Mynamar. Singapore, Malaysia, Indonesia, Thailand, Bangladesh, the Republic of Laos, Mainland China and Taiwan, and the host country Cambodia.

Professor Chen delivered his talk on the opening day on 'Psychiatric care for HIV/AIDS patients in Hong Kong'. He was also invited by the organisers to share his experiences with delegates on the methadone programme in Hong Kong in a 2-hour workshop.

The Chairman met with Mrs Nguyen Thi Than Kieu, Head of the Office of Science and Education City Committee of the Party on Propaganda and Education, head of the Vietnam Delegate and other 12 delegate members on 4 July 2008 at the Red Ribbon Centre and exchanged HIV/AIDS prevention programmes and harm reduction in Hong Kong and Vietnam.

ACA Newsfile and Other Periodical Publications

The ACA Newsfile is a monthly publication of the ACA. It keeps ACA members posted of the epidemiological trend of HIV/AIDS and the development of the local programmes with features of HIV/AIDS related news and activities. First published in January 1994, 175 issues were published until July 2008.

國家及國際網絡

主席應邀出席於2007年9月13日至15日 在柬埔寨暹邏舉行為期三天的「有效治 療亞洲區內吸毒者的實際方法」的區域 工作坊。

會議由柬埔寨副總理揭幕。以下國家派 出代表出席會議:澳洲、英國、美國、 越南、印度、尼泊爾、巴基斯坦、新加 坡、馬來西亞、緬甸、印尼、泰國、孟 加拉、寮國、中國和台灣及東道國。

陳主席在工作坊發表主題為「香港愛滋 病病人的精神病護理」。他亦應邀出席 一個兩小時的工作坊和與會者分享香港 的美沙酮治療計劃。

主席與越南首席代表Mrs Nguyen Thi Than Kieu 及其他代表團成員於2008年7月4日在紅絲帶中心會面,互相交換兩地的預防愛滋病及援害計劃的看法和意見。

《愛滋病顧問局專訊》及其他刊物

《愛滋病顧問局專訊》是顧問局出版的 月刊,可讓顧問局成員了解愛滋病病毒 感染/愛滋病的流行病學趨勢,並知悉 與愛滋病病毒感染/愛滋病訊息和活動 有關的本地計劃。這份專訊於1994年1月 首次刊發,截至2008年7月已出版了175 期。 Other publications distributed together with the ACA Newsfile include : (a) Hong Kong STD/AIDS Update - a quarterly surveillance report published by the Surveillance Office of Special Preventive Programme (SPP) and the Social Hygiene Service of the Department of Health that covers epidemiological information on STD and HIV/AIDS in Hong Kong; (b) Red Ribbon Bulletin - a half-yearly publication of the Integrated Treatment Centre of SPP for people living with HIV/AIDS; (c) a four-monthly Newsletter - AIDS Newsletter prepared by the Red Ribbon Centre for youth, students and the community groups interested in any aspect of HIV prevention and care; (d) The Node a four-monthly publication of the Collaborating UNAIDS Centre Technical Support which covers activities of the Centre, news and information of regional interest; (e) Networking Voice, a four-monthly publication targeting youth workers, students and youth; issued by the Red Ribbon Centre and (f) Project Mini -Mini-posters publicising AIDS information on a quarterly interval by the AIDS Unit of the Department of Health.

ACA Website

The Virtual AIDS Office of Hong Kong is the joint Internet HomePage of the ACA and the AIDS Unit. It covers Hong programme Kong's AIDS dimensions - prevention, clinical service, surveillance, and policy development. It allows updating of information on ACA as well as HIV/AIDS development in a more integrated approach. The set-up of the ACA its sixth term including in composition, membership and terms of reference has been updated. In addition, all major publications under the ACA have been stored electronically under the ACA Document Cabinet for easy reference. Readers can now visit the "Virtual AIDS Office" more conveniently by clicking http://www.info.gov.hk/aids, or the ACA's own Homepage http://www.aca-hk.com.

連同《愛滋病顧問局專訊》一倂分發的 其他刊物包括:(a) 《香港性病/愛滋病 最新資料-季報》- 由特別預防計劃監 測工作室及衞生署社會衞生科出版的季 度監測報告,內容包括香港性病及愛滋 病病毒感染/愛滋病的流行病學資料; (b) 《紅絲帶》- 由衞生署特別預防計劃 綜合治療中心爲愛滋病病毒感染者/愛 滋病患者製作,每半年出版一次;(c)每 四個月出版一次的《愛滋病專訊》- 由 紅絲帶中心爲對愛滋病病毒感染預防及 護理工作感興趣的青少年、學生及市民 製作; (d) **《The Node》** - 由聯合國愛滋 病規劃署技術支援合作中心每四個月出 版一次,內容包括合作中心的活動情 況、新消息及地區資料;(e) 《滋心話 **集》-**對象爲青少年工作者、學生及青 少年,由紅絲帶中心每四個月出版一 次;以及(f) 《愛滋病小型海報》- 由衞 生署愛滋病服務組每季出版一次,刊載 愛滋病的宣傳資料。

顧問局網頁

「香港愛滋病網上辦公室」是由顧問局與愛滋病服務組聯合製作的網頁,內容包括本港愛滋病計劃在預防、臨床服務、監測及政策制定這四個範疇的資料。透過這個網頁,顧問局和愛滋病務毒感染/愛滋病發展的資料得以更完整地更新。關於第六屆顧問局的組成資料,包括成員名單及職權範圍等,均是對外,顧問局出版的所有主要刊物,亦以電子形式儲存於顧問局文件夾內,以便閱覽。現在,讀者可到以下網址 http://www.info.gov.hk/aids、瀏覽「愛滋病網上辦公室」的網頁,或登入顧問局的網頁 http://www.aca-hk.com查閱有關資料。

4. Community Forum on AIDS

愛滋病社區論壇

Introduction

The Community Forum on AIDS (CFA) was formed in the sixth term of the ACA in October, 2005. It has replaced two previous committees namely: the AIDS Prevention and Care Committee (APCC), which was established under the ACA in 1999 for enhancing the quality of HIV prevention and care activities in Hong Kong and the Committee on Promoting Acceptance of People Living with HIV/AIDS (CPA), which was formed in 1999 for coordinating and recommending strategies for promoting acceptance of people living with HIV/AIDS.

The main objectives of the CFA is to provide a platform whereby the views and expertise of organizations and individuals involved in HIV/AIDS advocacy, education and services can be directly shared and collected, to support policy formulation at the ACA level.

The CFA has the following terms of reference:

- (a) enhance communication between the Council and frontline HIV/AIDS service delivery organizations and workers;
- (b) examine needs and identify gaps in the community;
- (c) recommend measures conducive to promoting acceptance of people living with HIV/AIDS; and
- (d) provide a platform for collaboration in combating HIV/AIDS epidemic.

引言

愛滋病社區論壇在第六屆愛滋病顧問局於2005年10月成立。愛滋病社區論壇是取代於1999年成立的愛滋病預防及護理委員會(預護委員會)和接納愛滋病患者促進委員會(促進委員會)。

愛滋病社區論壇的主要目標是提升 本港愛滋病預防及護理活動的質 素;而促進委員會則負責統籌及建 議旨在促進社會人士接納愛滋病病 毒感染者/愛滋病患者的策略。顧 問局亦同意委任范瑩孫醫生爲論擅 召集人,成立社局論壇的目的是提 供一個平臺,加強與愛滋病工作的 機構及前線工作者的溝通,從而支 援愛滋病顧問局制訂愛滋病政策。

愛滋病社區論壇的職權範圍如下:

- (a) 加強愛滋病顧問局與愛滋病工作的 機構及前線工作者的溝通;
- (b) 研究及確實愛滋病社區預防工作的 需要;
- (c) 建議促進授納愛滋病患者的策略; 及
- (d) 提供一個合作平台, 共抗愛滋。

Membership

The membership of the CFA is shown in Appendix C.

The CFA comprises members drawn from 5 different areas including agencies specialising in HIV prevention and care; mainstream NGOs whose profile of activities that could incorporate HIV/AIDS; representatives of vulnerable communities to HIV/AIDS; individuals with expertise in related fields, and ACA members.

The CFA met four times during the reporting period as follows:

1.	(8th meeting)	11 September 2007
2.	(9th meeting)	18 December 2007
3.	(10th meeting)	1 April 2008
4.	(11th meeting)	24 June 2008

The issues and papers examined and reviewed by the CFA in the period covered by this report can be seen in Appendix E.

成員

愛滋病社區論壇的成員名單,載於附 錄丙。

愛滋病社區論壇的成員來自五方面, 分別是專責處理愛滋病病毒感染預防 及護理工作的機構、與愛滋病工作有 關的主流非政府組織、易受愛滋病病 毒感染社群代表、專業人仕以及顧問 局委員。

愛滋病社區論壇在報告期內召開了下列四次會議:

第八次會議
 第九次會議
 第九次會議
 第十次會議
 第十次會議
 第十一次會議
 2007年9月11日
 2007年12月18日
 2008年4月1日
 第十一次會議
 2008年6月24日

愛滋病社區論壇在本報告所涵蓋的 期間內,曾經研究和檢討的事宜及 文件,請參閱附錄戊.

5. A Chronicle of the Third Year Events 第五章 第三年大事紀要

Date 日期	Event 事件
6.9.2007	ACA Chairman attended 華人健康平台 2007
	顧問局主席出席「華人健康平台 2007」
11.9.2007	The 8th CFA Meeting 愛滋病社區論壇第八次會議
13-15.9.2007	ACA Chairman attended the 3-day regional workshop on "Practical approaches to the effective treatment of drug addition in Asia" in Siem Reap, Cambodia 主席出席在柬埔寨暹邏舉行爲期三天的「有效治療亞洲區內吸毒者的實際方法」的區域工作坊
5.10.2007	The 60th ACA Meeting 顧問局第六十次會議
22.11.2007	ACA Chairman attended the Inauguration of AIDS Institute, The University of Hong Kong 顧問局主席出席香港大學「the Inauguration of AIDS Institute」
30.11.2007	ACA Chairman attended the Kick-off Ceremony for the 2007 WORLD AIDS DAY Activities organized by Red Ribbon Centre 顧問局主席出席由紅絲帶中心舉辦的二零零七年世界愛滋日活動開展禮。
1.12.2007	ACA Chairman attended "2007 World AIDS Day Activities" Organized by Shenzhen Centre for Disease Control and Prevention 顧問局主席出席深圳市疾病預防控制中心舉辦的「深圳市 2007年世界艾滋病日」擔任開幕儀式嘉賓
7.12.2007	ACA Chairman attended the Golden Jubilee Dinner of The Society of Rehabilitation and Crime Prevention, Hong Kong 顧問局主席出席香港善導會之金禧晚宴
18.12.2007	The 9th CFA Meeting 愛滋病社區論壇第九次會議
11.1.2008	The 61th ACA Meeting 顧問局第六十一次會議

18-19.1.2008	ACA Chairman attended" CHP Symposium HK 2008." 顧問局主席出席衞生署衞生防護中心舉辦的「研討會」
1.4.2008	The 10th CFA Meeting 愛滋病社區論壇第十次會議
11.4.2008	The 62th ACA Meeting 顧問局第六十二次會議
12.4.2008	ACA Chairman attended the open Ceremony of AIDS Concern Mongkok Service Centre. 顧問局主席出席「關懷愛滋旺角新會址」擔任開幕主禮嘉賓
19.4.2008	ACA Chairman attended AIDS Seminar 2008 organized by AIDS Trust Fund and the Hong Kong Coalition of AIDS Service Organizations 顧問局主席出席香港愛滋病服務組織聯盟及愛滋病信託基金委員會合辦的「愛滋病研討會 2008」
22-23.5.2008	ACA Chairman Attended "Seminars on Social Marketing" Organized by Department of Health and the School of Public Health of the Chinese University of Hong Kong 顧問局主席出席由衞生署及香港中文大學舉辦之「Seminars on Social Marketing」
24.6.2008	The 11th CFA Meeting 愛滋病社區論壇第十一次會議
4.7.2008	The 63th ACA Meeting 顧問局第六十三次會議
4.7.2008	ACA Chairman Meeting with the Vietnam Vistors at Red Ribbon Centre 顧問局主席出席會見由紅絲帶中心安排的越南代表

6. A Gallery 第六章 影廊



Last ACA Meeting in the 6th Term of Office on 4 July 2008 香港愛滋病顧問局在2008年7月4日舉行第六屆的最後一次會議



ACA Meeting at DH HQs 顧問局在衞生署總部開會情況



From left to right: Dr Tim Brown; Dr WONG Ka-hing; Prof CHEN Char-nie at the 61st ACA Meeting held on 11 January 2008 由左至右: Dr Tim Brown,黃加慶醫生,陳佳鼐教授出席於2008年1月11日舉行第六十一次顧問局會議



CFA Members 愛滋病社區論壇委員合照



CFA Meeting at Family Planning Association of Hong Kong, HQs 愛滋病社區論壇在香港家庭計劃指導會會議室舉行







AIDS Seminar 2008 愛滋病研討會2008



ACA and CFA members attending the AIDS Seminar 顧問局及社區論壇委員出席愛滋病研討會



Prof CHEN Char-nie, receiving a souvenir from Dr Thomas TSANG, JP, Controller, Centre for Health Protection at the Seminar 陳佳鼐教授接受衞生防護中心總監曾浩輝醫生頒發紀念品



Dr Susan FAN, receiving a souvenir from Prof CHAN Tai-kwong, JP, Chairman of ATF 范瑩孫醫生接受愛滋病信託基金委員會主席 陳棣光醫生頒發紀念品



Network of Hong Kong Based AIDS Programmes in Mainland China and Neighbouring Countries

以香港爲基地在國內及鄰近國家舉辦愛滋病活動的分享論壇



ACA Chariman at Siem Reap, Cambodia
"Practical Approaches to the Effective Teatment of Drug Addition in Asia" was held from 13 to 15 September 2007
顧問局主席出席於2007年9月13日至15日在柬埔寨暹邏舉行爲期三天的「有效治療亞洲區內吸毒者的實際方法」的區域工作坊



ACA Chairman attended the Shenzhen World AIDS Day Ceremony on 1 December 2007 顧問局主席於2007年12月1日在深圳出席愛滋病日典禮







Kick-off Ceremony for the 2007 World AIDS Day Activities 2007年世界愛滋病日活動開展禮



Prof LAM Tai-hing receiving the Sir Robert Kotewall Professionship in Public Health on the Third Inauguration of Endowed Professiorships on 14 April 2008 at the University of Hong Kong

林大慶教授於2008年4月14日在第三屆「明徳教授席」就職典禮 穫得羅旭龢基金教授席(公共衞生學)

Appendix A: Progress of the targets of the Recommended HIV/AIDS Strategies for Hong Kong 2002-2006

附錄甲:香港二零零二年至二零零六年愛滋病建議策略 目標實施進展

Target One

A set of programme indicators will be established to monitor the effectiveness of Hong Kong's efforts in HIV prevention and care

ACA initiated the construction of the First set of Core Indicators (2003) for monitoring Hong Kong's AIDS programmes and adopted all UNAIDS national indicators except 2 indicators that were not locally applicable. In 2006, the ACA deliberated the new set of UN core indicators for Hong Kong application.

指標一

建立一套規劃指標,以監察香港愛 滋病預防和治理工 作的有效性。 · 愛滋病顧問局發起訂立監察香港愛滋病活動規劃的首套核 心指標(二零零三年),並採納 UNAIDS 建議的所有國家 指標,只有兩項指標因不適用於本港情況而未有採納。二 零零六年,愛滋病顧問局審議了新一套聯合國核心指標, 以便在香港應用。

Target Two

A second cycle of the community planning process will be implemented and evaluated

The Community Planning Process (CPP) was in operation between 1999 and 2001 when funded by ATF. CPP was a breakthrough in strengthening societal responses to the challenges of HIV/AIDS. A report on prioritized activities was compiled and became a useful reference for ACA and ATF when drawing up strategies and assessing HIV/AIDS community funding applications respectively. Subsequent applications for funding for a second round of CPP were rejected. The ACA established a Community Forum on AIDS to enhance communication between ACA and AIDS NGOs and provide a platform for collaboration in combating HIV/AIDS epidemic, among other things.

指標二

實施和評估第二輪 社群策劃進程。 愛滋病信託基金委員會資助的社群策劃進程(CPP)於一九九九年至二零零一年期間推行。CPP是加強社會回應愛滋病挑戰的一項突破。就此編製了一份優先活動報告,該文件其後成爲愛滋病顧問局和愛滋病信託基金委員會在擬訂策略並評估愛滋病社區活動資助申請時的有用參考文件。其後申請開展第二輪 CPP 的經費,但未獲得接納。另愛滋病顧問局成立了愛滋病社區論壇,以加強顧問局與非政府組織愛滋病團體之間的溝通,並提供合作對抗愛滋病傳播(以及其他工作)的平台。

Target Three

A technical review mechanism will be in place to ensure funding of effective community-based HIV prevention activities

- ATF has continuously improved its evaluation mechanism for community projects and taken reference on the prioritized intervention in the priority communities from CPP when assessing applications. At the initial stage, 2 independent reviewers outside ATF will be invited to assess the application and make recommendations per a standard template. There are guidelines for the reviewers on how to review the applications. Members of ATF Council and its subcommittees will then vet and decide on the funding approval of the applications. Applicants may be invited to make presentations of their projects to ATF members.
- Since April 2003, programme-based funding has been introduced for activities that would last up to 3 years.

目標三

設立技術評估機制,以確保以社群 為本的有效愛滋病 預防活動可以獲得 資助。

- 愛滋病信託基金委員會一直以來不斷修訂社區項目的評估機制,並在評估申請時,參考 CPP 建議的優先關注社群的優先干預措施。在最初階段,愛滋病信託基金委員會邀請基金委員會成員以外的兩名獨立審核員,根據指引負責評估申請並使用根據標準規範作出建議。基金委員會各成員及屬下工作小組成員隨後會審核並議決是否批准申請。申請人亦可能獲邀向基金委員會成員就項目作簡報。
- 自二零零三年四月以來,已引入以計劃爲基礎的資助,爲活動期在三年以內的計劃提供資金。

Target Four

Harm reduction will be adopted as one of the effective strategy in addressing substance abuse

- Harm reduction has been adopted as one key strategy in preventing IDU from contracting HIV. In 2002, DH's Red Ribbon Centre (RRC) together with Narcotics Division of Security Bureau launched a territory wide publicity campaign named "Break the needle habit, methadone does it." The main objective of the campaign was to increase awareness and acceptance of the harm reduction concepts in the general public, as well as drug users, by employing a social marketing framework in health promotion. The harm reduction media campaign was evaluated and received positive feedbacks.
- A pilot programme on universal antibody urine testing was introduced in 2003. Subsequently, the universal HIV urine testing programme was rolled out in all methadone clinics in 2004

指標四

採用緩害作爲處理 濫用藥物的其中一 項有效策略。

- 已採納緩害作爲預防注射吸毒者感染愛滋病病毒的主要策略之一。二零零二年,衞生署轄下「紅絲帶中心」聯同保安局禁毒處推出面向全港宣傳計劃,名爲「要美沙酮,不要針筒」。宣傳計劃的主要目的是透過促進健康的社會營銷手法,提高公眾以至注射吸毒者對緩害的認識及接納此概念。緩害宣傳運動經評估後,確認得到正面反應。
- 二零零三年推出愛滋病病毒抗體尿液普及測試的試行計劃。其後於二零零四年在所有美沙酮診所全面推行。

Target Five

A framework on sex education integrating HIV prevention will be developed

- During the academic year 2002-03, 23% of primary schools and 35% of secondary schools had nominated teachers to attend inservice teacher education programmes on life-skills training, AIDS education and sex education organized by Education and Manpower Bureau.
- Since December 2003, DH and RTHK collaborated in a joint project to transform "Dr Sex Hotline" into a new interactive internet-based sex education website.

指標五

建立結合愛滋病預 防和性教育的框 架。

- 二零零二年至二零零三年學年內,百分之二十三小學及百分之三十五中學提名教師參與教育及人力統籌局舉辦的在職教師培訓計劃,內容涵蓋有關生活技術的訓練、愛滋病教育及性教育。
- 自二零零三年十二月以來,衛生署與香港電台合辦項目, 將「性博士熱線」節目轉化爲新型互動的性教育網站。

Target Six

Participation of mainstream service organization in HIV/AIDS activities will be increased

- There has been increasing participation of mainstream service organizations in HIV/AIDS activities with ATF applications. Twelve out of eighteen successful applicants for ATF funding came from mainstream service organizations and academia in 2003. Before 2000s, the successful applicants were almost exclusively AIDS service organizations. Even for the membership of Hong Kong Coalition of AIDS Service Organizations, it was noted that nearly 50% of their members are from mainstream service organizations.
- People from mainstream NGOs were invited to introduce their projects at sharing sessions in RRC / ACA committees. They are also invited to become members of the Community Forum on AIDS formed in 2005.

指標六

增加主流服務組織 在愛滋病活動方面 的參與。

- 主流服務機構藉著申請愛滋病信託基金委員會資助參與愛 滋病活動的程度不斷提高。二零零三年度,十八份成功獲 得愛滋病信託基金委員會資助的申請中,有十二份來自主 流服務機構及學術機構。二零零零年前,成功申請機構幾 乎全部爲愛滋病服務機構。即使是「香港愛滋病服務機構 聯盟」的會員,接近百分之五十爲主流服務機構。
- 主流非政府組織的代表獲邀請在紅絲帶中心/愛滋病顧問 局委員會舉辦的分享會上介紹他們的項目;其後亦獲邀請 加入二零零五年成立的愛滋病社區論壇成爲會員。

Target Seven

Technical assistance will be established to support agencies in the development of HIV/AIDS prevention and care activities

• The DH's Red Ribbon Centre is an UNAIDS Collaborating Centre for Technical Support and provides support to local organizations and those of neighbouring regions. There were increased exchange, assistance and collaboration between local workers. RRC continues to support 2-week training opportunities for Mainland China health professionals in HIV prevention, under the Lions Red Ribbon Fellowship programme.

指標七

提供技術協助,以 支援各機構展開愛 滋病預防和護理活 動。 衛生署轄下紅絲帶中心是 UNAIDS 技術支援合作中心, 並為本港及鄰近區域的機構提供支援。本港愛滋病工作者 之間的交流、互相協助和合作愈趨頻密。紅絲帶中心繼續 透過「獅子會紅絲帶學人計劃」支援為中國內地衛生專業 人員提供為期兩周的培訓工作。

Target Eight

A research agenda will be proposed to stimulate a wider participation of the academia in supporting evidencebased programme development

The Scientific Committee on AIDS (SCA) operated from 2002-05 as one of the 3 committees under ACA. During this term, researches pertaining to clinical HIV/AIDS in the last 20 years and an agenda to support research were discussed and reviewed by SCA. After 2005, there is a new Scientific Committee in DH's Centre for Health Protection named Scientific Committee on AIDS and STI taking over the work of the previous SCA.

指標八

提出一個研究議程,以促進學術界 更廣泛地參與支援 以實證爲本的活動 規劃。 二零零二年至二零零五年期間,愛滋病科學委員會爲愛滋病顧問局轄下三個委員會之一。在該屆任期內,愛滋病科學委員會討論並檢討了過去二十年與愛滋病有關的臨床研究項目,以及支援研究的議程。二零零五年後,衞生署的衞生防護中心成立了新的相關委員會,改名爲愛滋病及性病科學委員會,委員會自此接管了愛滋病科學委員會的工作。

Target Nine

Clinical and public health HIV medicine will be integrated in the training and service portfolio of the health profession

HIV medicine has become a component of the Higher physician training programme of several specialties under the Hong Kong College of Physicians. Training on public health HIV medicine is also accredited towards Fellowship training programme of the Hong Kong College of Community Medicine.

指標九

促進醫療專業的培訓和服務發展結合 臨床及公共衛生領域的愛滋病醫學。 愛滋病醫學已成為香港內科醫學院多個專科醫生高級培訓 計劃的一個組成部分。公共衛生愛滋病醫學培訓亦獲香港 社會醫學學院的院士培訓計劃的認可。

Target Ten

A wider access of •
HIV testing will be promoted

- A new Hotline for ethnic minority in Hindi, Indonesian, Nepali and Urdu was developed.
- Two mass HIV screening programmes were launched. The universal antenatal HIV testing programme was introduced in September 2001 whereas the universal methadone clinic urine HIV testing was rolled out in January 2004. Community organizations have expanded their testing service for risk populations such as MSM, sex workers and clients.
- To assist outreach workers to perform rapid HIV test in Hong Kong, the SCA issued a set of recommended principles on the application of HIV antibody rapid test in Hong Kong for their reference. Since late 2005, pilot rapid testing programmes were implemented by DH and non-governmental organisations.

指標十

擴大提供愛滋病毒 抗體測試的途徑。

- 設立了一條專門服務印度、印尼、尼泊爾及烏爾都少數族裔的熱線。
- 推出並實行兩個大型愛滋病病毒抗體測試計劃。二零零一年九月推出全面產前愛滋病病毒測試計劃;二零零四年一月開始實行美沙酮診所愛滋病病毒抗體尿液普及測試。各社區組織擴大爲高風險社群,如男男性接觸者、性服務工作者和顧客提供測試服務。
- 為協助外展工作者在香港推行快速愛滋病病毒抗體測試, 愛滋病科學委員會發出一套在香港推行該項測試的建議原 則,以供參考。自二零零五年年底以來,衛生署及多個非 政府組織陸續推行了多項快速病毒測試試驗項目。

Target Eleven

Forums to network people working on HIV/AIDS in Hong Kong and Mainland China, and the Asia Pacific region will

- Dr Shen Jie, the then Director of the China CDC Centre for STD/AIDS Prevention and Control was appointed as a special adviser of SCA (2002-2005) and SCAS (2005-2007).
- UN Regional Task Force on Drug Use and HIV Vulnerability hosted a methadone treatment workshop in Hong Kong (22-24 October 2003), with the participation of about 100 technical people from neighbouring regions.
- will Since 2004, a project on setting up an electronic platform of

be established	•	HIV epidemiology in the Pearl River Delta Region was initiated, with 12 participating cities. The Lions Red Ribbon Fellowship scheme is an ongoing exercise to network Mainland HIV healthcare professionals since 1999. For the past 2 years, Red Ribbon Centre coordinated an annual forum to network NGOs involved in AIDS work in Mainland China and neighbouring regions.
指標十一 建立以聯繫香港、 國內及亞太地區愛 滋病工作者為目標 的論壇。	•	中國疾控中心愛滋病性病預防及控制前主任沈潔博士獲委任爲愛滋病科學委員會(二零零二年至二零零五年)及愛滋病及性病科學委員會(二零零五年至二零零七)的特邀顧問。
	•	聯合國毒品使用及愛滋病病毒易感染性地區專責小組在香港舉辦了一次美沙酮治療工作坊(二零零三年十月二十二日至二十四日),來自鄰近地區近一百名技術人員參加了活動。
	•	二零零四年發起設立珠江三角洲地區愛滋病流行情況電子 平台的項目,共有十二個城市參與,項目仍在進行中。
	•	獅子會紅絲帶學人計劃是一九九九年開始推行旨在促進與中國內地愛滋病公共健康專業人員交流的持續計劃。過去兩年來,紅絲帶中心每年均協調一次論壇,邀請在中國內地及鄰近地區參與愛滋病工作的非政府組織進行交流。

Appendix B: ACA Membership List

附錄乙:香港愛滋病顧問局成員名單

Hong Kong Advisory Council on AIDS (ACA)

(Sixth-Term: August 2005-July 2008) 香港愛滋病顧問局

(第六屆:2005年8月至2008年7月)

Chairman: 主席:

Prof CHEN Char-nie, JP 陳佳鼐教授太平紳士

Vice-Chairman: 副主席:

Dr LAM Ping-yan, JP 林秉恩醫生太平紳士

Members: 委員:

Prof CHAN Wing-tai, JP
陳永泰教授太平紳士

Prof CHEUNG Mui-ching, Fanny, JP 張妙清教授太平紳士

Dr FAN Yun-sun, Susan 范瑩孫醫生

Prof FOK Tai-fai, JP 霍泰輝教授太平紳士

Prof LAM Tai-hing, JP 林大慶教授太平紳士

Dr LEE Man-po 李文寶醫生

Prof MAK Ping-see, Diana 麥萍施教授

Lt Col TSANG Hing-man, Alfred質慶敏上校Prof WONG Lung-tak, Patrick, JP黃龍德教授太平紳士

Education Bureau: 教育局:

Dr CHAN Ka-ki 陳嘉琪博士

Food and Health Bureau: 食物及衞生局:

Mr NIP Tak-kuen, Patrick, JP 聶德權先生太平紳士

Hospital Authority: 醫院管理局:

Dr LAI Fook-ming, Lawrence, JP 賴福明醫生太平紳士

Social Welfare Department: 社會福利署:

Secretary: 秘書:

Dr WONG Ka-hing 黄加慶醫生

Council Secretariat: 顧問局秘書處:

Department of Health: 衛生署:

Mr WONG Man-kong 王文剛先生

Ms WONG Yim-ping 黄艷萍女士

Appendix C: CFA Membership List

附錄丙:愛滋病社區論壇委員會成員名單

Community Forum on AIDS(CFA)

(Sixth-Term: August 2005-July 2008)

愛滋病社區論壇

(第六屆:2005年8月至2008年7月)

Convener: 召集人:

Members: 委員:

Mr CHAN Wai-leung, Charlie 陳偉良先生

Ms CHAN Yu 陳瑜女士

Ms CHING Tsui-wan, Atty 程翠雲女士

Ms CHOI Siu-fong, Esther 蔡少芳女士

Ms CHU Kam-ying, Elsie 朱錦瑩女士

Rev CHU Yiu-ming 朱耀明牧師

Ms Elijah FUNG 馮伊妮女士

Dr HO Chi-on, Billy 何志安博士

Ms HO Pik-yuk, Shara 何碧玉女士

Miss KWAN Kin-yan, Jenny 關健欣女士
Mr LEE King-fai 李景輝先生

Mr LEE King-fai 李景輝先生 Ms LI Kai-kuen 李啓娟女士

Miss NGAN Ching-ching, Dora 顏菁菁女士

(up to October 2007) (至2007年10月)

Miss NG Wai-nog 吳惠娥女士

(from October 2007) (自2007年10月)

Prof MAK Ping-see, Diana 麥萍施教授

Mr TAM Wai-to 譚偉濤先生

Mr TO Chung-chi 杜宗智先生 Dr WAN Wai-yee 尹彗兒堅生

Dr WAN Wai-yee 尹慧兒醫生 Mr William KO, MH 享威林先生

Mr William KO, MH 高威林先生 Mr WON Mau-cheong 温茂昌先生

 Mr WONG Tak-hing, Brian Miss WONG Wai-kwan, Loretta

Mr YAU Chung-wan

Miss YAU Ho-chun, Nora, MH, JP

Ms YAU Yuk-lan

Ms YIM Kit-sum, Kendy

Ms YUEN How-sin

王德興先生 黄慧筠女士 丘頌云先生

邱可珍女士太平紳士

游玉蘭女士 嚴潔心女士 袁巧仙女士

Secretaries:

Department of Health:

Dr LEE Pui-man (up to September 2007)

Dr LAU Kai-cheung (from Sept 2007)

Mr WONG Man-kong

秘書:

衛生署:

李培文醫生 (至2007年9月) 劉啓祥醫生 (自2007年9月)

王文剛先生

Appendix D: Lists of ACA Meeting Agenda

附錄丁:愛滋病顧問局會議議程一覽

Agenda for the 60th Meeting of the Hong Kong Advisory Council on AIDS

Date: 5 October 2007 (Friday)

Time: 2:30pm

Venue: Conference Room, Department of Health, 21/F, Wu Chung House

213 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong

- 1. Confirmation of Minutes of the 59th Meeting
- 2. Matters Arising
- 3. Report on Epidemiological Investigation of a Large Cluster of HIV-1 Subtype B Infections in Hong Kong (ACA Paper 28/2005-2008)
- 4. HIV/AIDS in Hong Kong Hitting a Moving Target Building Effective and Sustainable Responses to an Evolving Epidemic (ACA Paper 29/2005-2008)
- 5. Hong Kong Joint World AIDS Day Campaign 2007 (ACA Paper 30/2005-2008)
- 6. Report of the Community Forum on AIDS
- 7. Any Other Business
- 8. Date of Next Meeting

香港愛滋病顧問局第六十次會議議程

日期:二零零七年十月五日(星期五)

時間:下午二時三十分

地點:香港灣仔皇后大道東213號胡忠大廈21樓衞生署會議室

議程

- 1. 通過第五十九次會議的紀錄
- 2. 跟進事項
- 3. 香港愛滋病病毒一型B亞型感染群組流行病學研究報告
- 4. 愛滋病在香港 擊中移動目標 建立有效及持久對蜕變流行病的回應
- 5. 2007年香港世界愛滋日聯合活動
- 6. 愛滋病社區論壇報告
- 7. 其他事項
- 8. 下次開會日期

Agenda for the 61st Meeting of the Hong Kong Advisory Council on AIDS

Date: 11 January 2008 (Friday)

Time: 2:30pm

Venue: Conference Room, Department of Health, 21/F, Wu Chung House

213 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong

- 1. Confirmation of Minutes of the 60th Meeting
- 2. Matters Arising
- 3. Presentation of the Report "HIV/AIDS in Hong Kong Hitting a Moving Target Building Effective and Sustainable Responses to an Evolving Epidemic" by Dr. Tim Brown, Senior Fellow, East-West Center (ACA Paper 31/2005-2008)
- 4. AIDS Trust Fund Guiding Principles for Funding Applications to Medical and Support Services and Publicity and Public Education Applications (ACA Paper 32/2005-2008)
- 5. Family Planning Association of Hong Kong Youth Sexuality Study 2006 (ACA Paper 33/2005-2008)
- 6. Report on World AIDS Day Activities 2007 (ACA Paper 34/2005-2008)
- 7. Letter from Hospital Authority on HIV Testing in Mentally Incapacitated Patients in the Event of Staff Sustaining a Needle Stick Injury (ACA Paper 35/2005-2008)
- 8. Report of the Community Forum on AIDS
- 9. Any Other Business
- 10. Date of Next Meeting

香港愛滋病顧問局 第六十一次會議議程

日期:二零零八年一月十一日(星期五)

時間:下午二時三十分

地點:香港灣仔皇后大道東213號胡忠大廈21樓衞生署會議室

議程

- 1. 通過第六十次會議的紀錄
- 2. 跟淮事項
- 3. 發佈「愛滋病在香港 擊中移動目標 建立有效及持久對蜕變流行病的回應」
- 4. 諮詢愛滋病信託基金對撥款申請的指導原則
- 5. 香港家庭計劃指導會的2006年青少年與性的調查
- 6. 2007年世界愛滋病日活動報告
- 7. 醫院管理局就弱智病人對員工做成針刺傷害的愛滋病測試來函
- 8. 愛滋病社區論壇報告
- 9. 其他事項
- 10. 下次開會日期

Agenda for the 62nd Meeting of the Hong Kong Advisory Council on AIDS

Date: 11 April 2008 (Friday)

Time: 2:30pm

Venue: Conference Room, Department of Health, 21/F, Wu Chung House

213 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong

- 1. Confirmation of Minutes of the 61st Meeting
- 2. Matters Arising
- 3. A Review of HIV and AIDS Situation in Hong Kong 2007 (ACA Paper 36/2005-2008)
- A Joint Assessment of HIV/AIDS Prevention, Treatment and Care in China (2007) (ACA Paper 37/2005-2008)
- 5. Five-year Plan on MSM and HIV in Mainland China (2007-2010) (ACA Paper 38/2005-2008)
- 6. Report of the Community Forum on AIDS
- 7. Any Other Business
- 8. Date of Next Meeting

香港愛滋病顧問局 第六十二次會議議程

日期:二零零八年四月十一日(星期五)

時間:下午二時三十分

地點:香港灣仔皇后大道東213號胡忠大廈21樓衞生署會議室

議程

- 1. 通過第六十一次會議的紀錄
- 2. 跟進事項
- 3. 2007年度香港愛滋病情況回顧
- 4. 2007年中國愛滋病防治聯合評估報告
- 5. 中國男男性行爲人群愛滋病防治方案2007-2010年
- 6. 愛滋病社區論壇報告
- 7. 其他事項
- 8. 下次開會日期

Agenda for the 63rd Meeting of the Hong Kong Advisory Council on AIDS

Date: 4 July 2008 (Friday)

Time: 2:30 pm

Venue: Conference Room, Department of Health, 21/F, Wu Chung House

213 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong

- 1. Taking of Group Photo
- 2. Confirmation of Minutes of the 62nd Meeting
- 3. Matters Arising
- 4. Syphilis Awareness Campaign in Men who have Sex with Men 2008/09 (ACA Paper 39/2005-2008)
- 5. An Update on Universal HIV Urine Testing Programme at Methadone Clinics (2004-2007) (ACA Paper 40/2005-2008)
- 6. Recapping the Work of Sixth Term ACA and Planning the Way Forward (ACA Paper 41/2005-2008)
- 7. Report of the Community Forum on AIDS
- 8. Any Other Business
- 9. Date of Next Meeting

香港愛滋病顧問局 第六十三次會議議程

日期:二零零八年七月四日(星期五)

時間:下午二時三十分

地點:香港灣仔皇后大道東213號胡忠大廈21樓衞生署會議室

議程

- 1. 拍攝團體照
- 2. 通過第六十二次會議的紀錄
- 3. 跟進事項
- 4. 2008-09年預防男男性接觸者感染梅毒的宣傳活動
- 5. 美沙酮診所愛滋病病毒抗體尿液普及測試計劃最新報告 (2004-2007年)
- 6. 回顧第六屆香港愛滋病顧問局工作及計劃來屆工作
- 7. 愛滋病社區論壇報告
- 8. 其他事項
- 9. 下次開會日期

Appendix E: Lists of CFA Meeting Agenda

附錄戊:愛滋病社區論壇會議議程一覽

Agenda for the Eighth Meeting of the Community Forum on AIDS (CFA)

Date: 11 September 2007 (Tuesday)

Time: 2:30 pm

Venue: Board Room

Family Planning Association of Hong Kong

10/F Southorn Centre, 130 Hennessy Road Wan Chai, Hong Kong

- 1. Confirmation of the Notes of the Last (7th) Meeting
- 2. Matters Arising
- Community-based Risk Behavioural and Sero-prevalence Survey of Female Sex Workers in Hong Kong (CRISP) (CFA Paper 19/2005-2008)
- World AIDS Day 2007 (CFA Paper 20/2005-2008)
- 5 Any Other Business
- 6. Date of Next Meeting

愛滋病社區論壇 第八次會議議程

日期: 二零零七年九月十一日(星期二)

時間: 下午二時三十分

地點: 香港家庭計劃指導會(會議室)

香港灣仔軒尼詩道130號修頓中心10樓

會議議程

- 1. 通過上次(第七次)會議紀錄
- 2. 跟進事項
- 3. 本地性工作者的愛滋病病毒感染監測報告
- 4. 世界愛滋病日2007
- 5. 其他事項
- 6. 下次開會日期

Agenda for the Ninth Meeting of the Community Forum on AIDS (CFA)

Date: 18 December 2007 (Tuesday)

Time: 2:30 pm

Venue: Board Room

Family Planning Association of Hong Kong

10/F Southorn Centre, 130 Hennessy Road Wan Chai, Hong Kong

- 1. Confirmation of the Notes of the Last (8th) Meeting
- 2. Matters Arising
- Survey Report on the Evaluation of the Men Who Have Sex with Men (MSM)
 HIV Preventive Campaign 2006
 (CFA Paper 21/2005-2008)
- 4. Report on World AIDS Day Activities 2007 (CFA Paper 22/2005-2008)
- 5. Code of Good Practice for NGOs Responding to HIV/AIDS (CFA Paper 23/2005-2008)
- 6. Any Other Business
- 7. Date of Next Meeting

愛滋病社區論壇第九次會議議程

日期: 二零零七年十二月十八日(星期二)

時間: 下午二時三十分

地點: 香港家庭計劃指導會(會議室)

香港灣仔軒尼詩道130號修頓中心10樓

會議議程

- 1. 通過上次(第八次)會議紀錄
- 2. 跟進事項
- 3. 評估2006年男男性接觸愛滋病預防運動調查報告
- 4.. 2007年世界愛滋病日活動報告
- 5. 非政府機構對愛滋病迴響的實務守則
- 6. 其他事項
- 7. 下次開會日期

Agenda for the Tenth Meeting of the Community Forum on AIDS (CFA)

Date: 1 April 2008 (Tuesday)

Time: 2:30 pm

Venue: Board Room

Family Planning Association of Hong Kong

10/F Southorn Centre, 130 Hennessy Road Wan Chai, Hong Kong

- 1. Confirmation of the Notes of the Last (9th) Meeting
- 2. Matters Arising
- 3. Presentation of AIDS Concern's Visit to HIV Prevention Programme in MSM in New South Wales, Australia
- Presentation of the AIDS Trust Fund Guiding Principles for Funding Applications to Medical and Support Services and Publicity and Public Education Applications
- 5. Annual HIV and AIDS Statistics 2007 (CFA Paper 24/2005-2008)
- 6. Family Planning Association's Hong Kong Youth Sexuality Study 2006 (CFA Paper 25/2005-2008)
- 7. Any Other Business
- 8. Date of Next Meeting

愛滋病社區論壇第十次會議議程

日期: 二零零八年四月一日(星期二)

時間: 下午二時三十分

地點: 香港家庭計劃指導會(會議室)

香港灣仔軒尼詩道130號修頓中心10樓

會議議程

- 1. 通過上次(第九次)會議紀錄
- 2. 跟進事項
- 3. 關懷愛滋訪問澳洲南威爾斯省的男男性接觸者預防愛滋病項目
- 4. 諮詢愛滋病信託基金對撥款申請的指導原則
- 5. 2007年度香港愛滋病的統計數字
- 6. 香港家庭計劃指導會的青少年與性的調查
- 7. 其他事項
- 8. 下次開會日期

Agenda for the Eleventh Meeting of the Community Forum on AIDS (CFA)

Date: 24 June 2008 (Tuesday)

Time: 2:30 pm

Venue: Board Room

Family Planning Association of Hong Kong

10/F Southorn Centre, 130 Hennessy Road Wan Chai, Hong Kong

- 1. Confirmation of the Notes of the Last (10th) Meeting
- 2. Matters Arising
- 3. HIV Testing Services of AIDS NGOs (CFA Paper 26/2005-2008)
- 4. Syphilis Awareness Campaign in MSM 2008 (CFA Paper 27/2005-2008)
- 6 Re-Capping the Work of Community Forum on AIDS (CFA Paper 28/2005-2008)
- 7 Any Other Business
- 8 Date of Next Meeting

愛滋病社區論壇 第十一次會議議程

日期: 二零零八年六月二十四日(星期二)

時間: 下午二時三十分

地點: 香港家庭計劃指導會(會議室)

香港灣仔軒尼詩道130號修頓中心10樓

會議議程

1. 通過上次(第十次)會議紀錄

- 2. 跟進事項
- 3. 愛滋病服務機構的愛滋病病毒抗體測試服務
- 4. 預防男男性接觸者感染梅毒的宣傳活動2008
- 5. 回顧愛滋病社區論壇的工作
- 6. 其他事項
- 7. 下次開會日期

ACA Secretariat 香港愛滋病顧問局秘書處

Address 地址 : Department of Health

5/F, Yaumatei Jockey Club Clinic

145 Battery Street

Yaumatei, Kowloon, Hong Kong

九龍油麻地炮台街145號 油麻地賽馬會診所5樓

衞生署

Tel 電話 : (852) 2304 6100 Fax 傳真 : (852) 2337 0897 E-mail 電郵 : aca@dh.gov.hk ACA Website : www.aca-hk.com

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